St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1880. NO. 144.

Something New Every Day

AT THE

Dollar Store

Novelties in Every Department at the

Dollar Store

St. Louis may poll a smaller vote than either of the Great Cities, but she can boast of having the Best and Biggest

Dollar Store

Of all our Local Attractions, Visitors are most pronounced in favor of the

Dollar Store

Since the Removal to Larger Quarters Trade Has Just Doubled at the

Dollar Store

Let the Ladies vote as to the Most Popular Establishment in the City, and we will make a handsome charitable contribution if they do not give a decided majority in favor of the

Dollar Store

The Busiest Place in all St. Louis is the

Dollar Store

It is a significant fact that, of all the Dollar Stores that sprang into existence twelve years ago, the only one that has survived the test of time and competition is the St. Bernard

Dollar Store

There is no limit to the industry and capability of the busy workers who hunt up the marvellous bargains shown at the

Dollar Store

One may reasonably expect to find almost anything at

CHAS. A. FOWLE & CO.'S

ST. BERNARD

Dollar Store

416 and 418 N. Fourth St.

Last Edition.

POLITICAL PALAVER.

Speculations as to Garfield's Cabinet and the Work of the Next Congress.

Later Returns by Telegraph From Various States.

Press Opinions Upon the Result of the Elections.

CONGRESS.

Planning the Work for Congress.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Washington dispatches say in the event the Republicans are to have the control of the House, with the Senate evenly divided, a necessity may be imagined which would lead the next President to call an extra session of Congress to inquire whether the right to vote in some of the Southern States has not been abridged and the sending out of special committees to investigate The subject may be the first step of the Forty-seventh Congress in order to ascertain whether the number of representatives from the Southern States ought not to be reconced. The repeal of the silver bill will be the burden of the first message of President Hayes and the main features of the report of Secretary Sherman to Congress. Secretary Sherman and his associates regard the repeal of the silver bill as of the highest importance. The first thing to be urged is the repeal of the law making it obligatory to coin silver and the repeal of the law authorizing the issue of silver certificates with the authority of law to discontinue the issue of one and two dollar legal tender notes until the fifty odd millions standard silver dollars and twenty-five millions fractional silver have entered into circulation.

Garfield's Cabinet.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CLEVELAND, O., November 5.—It is pretty well understood from reliable private sources that Mr. Garfield will not retain any of Mr. Hayes' Cabinet. He is understood to have said that any President who made up his Cabinet from his own State, or nearly so, embarrassed himself. He cites the Presidents from the time of Jackson down to Grant, showing that not one of the intervening Presidents departed from the rule. He proposes to except Grant, and that for a short time. It is predicted that he will gather about him the ablest Cabinet ever seen in Washington. It is said he has expressed a desire for that.

The Sherman Brothers.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—Gen. Sherman denies the report that he will ask to be put on the retired list. John Sherman says he will not retain the portfolio of the Treasury but make a canvass in Ohio to succeed Garfield in the Senate. Mr. Hayes and family have arrived from their Western trip.

ENGLISH'S EXPLANATION.

He is Glad He is Left to a More Congenial Life.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 5.—In an interview with a Daily News reporter this morning, Hon. Wm H. English talks freely about the late election and its results. He thinks Indiana has held up remarkably well considering the defeat in October and that they have not had a majority since 1872, and then less than 1,200—for Hendricks for Governor. Personally he feels no chagrin at the result While feeling the honor of a unanimous nomination for the Vice-Presidency without influence and patronage, it had no charms for him, and he feels rather glad that he is left to a life more congenial and profitable. The Democracy, with a Democratic Senate, a close House of Representatives and the Presidency decided by a small majority in a single State, will not die.

The real cause of the Republican success was the prosperous times and business satisfaction. The country thought it wisest to let well enough alone. The lack of harmony in New York the October election in Indiana and some other things may have had a little weight, but the main thing was the good times and the disposition to let well enough alone. In concluding, Mr. English bewailed the corruption in party politics, so different from forty years ago, when he first entered political life.

GENERAL.

"The Happiest Looking Democrat."

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—There were a number of visitors to Gen. Hancock yesterday. "You are the happiest-looking Democrat I have seen since the election," remarked Gen. Sickles to him, evidently taken completely by surprise at the smiling welcome he received. "I see no reason to be unhappy as far as I am personally concerned," observed the General. "The only cause for unhappiness is the failure of the Democratic party, of whose faith and principles I have been made the exponent." All the other visitors were equally surprised when they found that there were no funeral ceremonies at the General's headquarters. Rumors that Gen. Sheridan is about to be retired at his own request, and that this may involve a change in the command of Gen. Hancock in the matter of his assignment to the command now held by Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, although not having yet reached Governor's Island in any tangible shape, were the subject of a good deal of comment.

Frauds in New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The Democrats here claim that the Republicans colonized on them heavily last Tuesday. As evidence they cite that the Republican vote here is 23,165 over the vote of 1876, while the Democratic increase is only 10,571. Republicans anticipate a good deal of trouble from the opposition. Tammany and the Democratic National Committee and Democratic State Committee were in session all night and until daylight this morning. The members were mysteriously silent, but enough is known to warrant this, that they intend to make a count of noses in the city and Brooklyn, and have expressed a determination to ferret out what they consider a great fraud.

Oh, Where Are They?

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Total vote in this city for Garfield alone, 42,972; total vote for Garfield, Hancock and Weaver in St. Louis, 45,954.

The Voice of the New York Press.

Special to Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The World and the Brooklyn Eagle give voice to the Democratic party hereabouts in saying that Gen. Hancock lost New York State simply through the misconduct of the Democratic leaders in the cities of New York and Brooklyn. The Tribune says the South will find in Gen. Garfield a liberal, broad-minded, patriotic Chief Magistrate without a particle of sectional prejudice. He will be just as ready to aid wise and proper measures for the benefit of the commerce of the South as for that of the North. Northern capital and Northern industry are ready to flow into the Southern States. They only wait for the assurance they will meet the same conditions found in the West, absolute security, honest, friendly treatment and equal rights, social and political.

Walling's Statement.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Superintendent Walling says the thirty-five ballot boxes at the police headquarters, in relation to which so much mystery prevails, were taken to headquarters in order to ascertain the truth of the rumor that a number of votes had been cast for Wm. S. Dowd, Republican candidate for Mayor, instead of Wm. Dowd, and had been thrown out as defective. The law recognized in such cases the intent of the voter, and the ballots would be considered.

Led to the Slaughter for the Last Time.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AUGUSTA, GA., November 5.—The Chronicle and Constitutionalist says the South has been for the last time led lamblike to the slaughter.

Secretary Sherman's Opinion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D.C., November 5.—Secretary Sherman attributes the success of the ticket to the business prosperity of the country and Wade Hampton's Staunton speech.

Kelly Must be Unloaded.

American Union Special.

NASHVILLE, TENN., November 5.—The Chattanooga Times says Hancock was beaten by John Kelly's crowd in New York and Kelly must be unloaded.

Must Not Thwart Opinion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The Times and Tribune this morning warn Democrats they must stop right where they are, and make no move to thwart opinion.

Hancock Reported Ill.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON D. C., November 5.—Gen. Hancock is reported as seriously ill. It is said that the campaign broke in upon his well-known habits of regularity and systematic life.

Will the South Remain on the Losing Side?

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 5.—The News and Courier says: "In losing politically the South loses in pocket and peace of mind. Will the South remain on the losing side, and if so, on what terms and for what purpose? The Southern people, we fancy, will make themselves heard on this question very soon."

NEW YORK.

Visionary.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—The Daily News' 1 o'clock edition has a special from New York which says: The alleged determination of the defeated party in the late election to contest New York State is regarded as so visionary that no prominent Democrat can be found in the city or country to favor it. The Republicans have private information of fraud practiced in the Mayoralty election, and intimate they will contest it, but do not reveal their plans. The ballot-boxes are still in the hands of the Chief of the Bureau of Elections, at police headquarters.

How Governor's Island Stood.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The vote on Governor's Island stood: Hancock, 15; Garfield, 31.

Dowd En Route to St. Louis.

Special to Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Dowd, the defeated candidate for Mayor of this city, left last evening for St. Louis, the affairs of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, of which he is president, demanding his immediate attention.

The Empire State's Majority.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The Times this morning put Garfield's majority in the State at 23,000; the Sun at 20,000; the Tribune at 22,000; the Herald at 20,000; the World about 15,000. The Sun says John Kelly led the party to the ditch and waits to know how much longer he is to be permitted to lead it to slaughter.

IOWA.

The Biggest Majority.

DES MOINES, IA., November 5.—The Republican State Committee still estimate Iowa at 80,500 majority for Garfield by Congressional districts. First District, 5,000; Second District, 5,200; Third District, 3,500; Fourth District, 16,000, which claims to be the largest majority given by any Congressional district in the Union; Fifth District, 8,000; Sixth District, 7,000; Seventh District, 8,000; Eighth District, 10,000; Ninth District, 12,000. Four of the Congressional districts are solid for Garfield, every county in them giving him a majority. Only four counties of one ninety-nine in the State give Hancock a majority over Garfield.

NEBRASKA.

Democratic Gains.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

OMAHA, NEB., November 5.—Full returns indicate the election of four Democrats to the Legislature from this county, owing to the Rosewater bolt, though the county gives about a thousand majority on the national ticket. Locke, Fox, Barber, and probably Contant, are beaten by Downe, Paxton, McShane and Howe, though the voting is very close. The Republican this morning charges Senator Saunders and other prominent officials with secretly aiding to defeat the straight ticket and reads them all out of the party. The feeling is very bitter between the factions and augurs trouble in the future. Council Bluffs celebrates the victory to-night with a grand demonstration, in which many Ohio Republicans will participate.

MISSOURI.

The Congressmen.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, MO., November 5.—So far as heard from the Missouri Congressional delegation stands as follows: First, Clardy, Democrat, re-elected; Second, Allen, Democrat; Third, Frost, Democrat; Seventh, Rice, Republican—a Democratic loss; Eighth, Van Horn, Republican—a Democratic loss; Ninth, Ford, Republican and Greenback; Tenth, Burrows, Greenback; Clarke, Democrat, Eleventh; Hatch, Democrat, Twelfth; Buckner, Democrat, Thirteenth.

Van Horn Elected.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, November 5.—Official returns here show that R. T. Van Horn (Rep.) is elected to Congress by a plurality.

NEVADA.

600 Majority for Hancock.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 5.—Nevada will give Hancock about 600 majority.

MINNESOTA.

40,000 for Garfield.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. PAUL, MINN., November 5.—The first count of the vote by counties gives Garfield 40,000.

TENNESSEE.

A Republican Governor.

NASHVILLE, November 5.—Returns from seventy-six out of ninety-four counties give Hawkins, Republican, 82,104; Wright, Democrat, 67,641; Wilson, 49,844. The counties to be heard from gave Hayes a majority of 2,000 over Tilden in 1876. The Legislature is, as far as heard from, as follows: Senate—Republican 7; Democrats, 6; Repudiation-Democrats, 4; districts in doubt, 8. House of Representatives—Republicans, 28; Democrats, 16; Repudiation-Democrats, 10; districts in doubt, 21. Republican gain, 19.

The State Legislature.

ST. PAUL, November 5.—The first count of vote by counties is just completed. Garfield's majority about 40,000. The majorities in Congressional districts are: 9,000 in First; 5,000 in Second, and 8,000 in the Third. Legislature stands: Senate—Republicans 35, Democrats 10; House—Republicans 88, Democrats 15, Independents and Greenbackers 10.

GEORGIA.

All Democratic.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATLANTA, GA., November 5.—Hancock's majority is only 25,000. Congressional districts all Democratic.

COLORADO.

Republican.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DENVER, COL., November 5.—The Republican majority of the entire state ticket is from 2,500 to 3,000.

CALIFORNIA.

Democrats Claim the State.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 5.—The election is so close that nothing definite can be learned or guessed at. The Democrats claim the state this morning by 200 majority.

Latest Returns.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 5.—The very latest returns give Garfield 70,137 and Hancock 67,100. The remaining districts are reported favorable to the Republicans, although the Democrats claim them. The Republicans claim four majority on joint ballot in the Legislature.

A Tie.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 6.—This morning's papers make the vote of the State practically a tie. This change from last night's report is due less to any turn in the reports of the precincts than to the revision of the tabulated statements. These differ considerably and there are evidences of loose work sufficient to discredit all the estimates. Undoubtedly the estimate of 2,000 last night was too high and the best opinion seems to be that Garfield will have a plurality of 500 to 1,000.

THE OBELISK.

How an Egyptian Sailor Guards the Antique Column.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Within the last six weeks most of the delegates to the recent Protestant Episcopal Convention have inspected the obelisk, and in consequence the policeman on guard has obtained a scientific and biblical knowledge concerning it which affords much instruction to all visitors. His accomplishments as an expert in the matter of obelisks are, however, doubted by the two apple women, who move their stands with the stone, and have their own private opinions as to Cleopatra and her needle. The guardian of the stone is an Egyptian sailor, brought by Lieutenant-Commander Gorringe from Alexandria. This man patrols the top of the stone all day and part of the night, carrying a long cane with which he raps any boys or men who come too near. No one is allowed within five feet of the platform upon which the obelisk rests. It has been found necessary to employ this watchman because of many attempts made to chip off pieces of stone by curiosity-hunters, and an insane desire of small boys to color the political opinions of the Pharaons by the addition of "329" in chalk. At present plasterers are engaged in taking a cast of the base of the obelisk, which has been worn and broken off until it could not be made to stand without support, as the base is now more round than square. The missing parts will be cast in one piece of bronze, into which the obelisk will be fitted. This species of gigantic bronze saucer will take the place of the bronze crabs which were used to keep the stone straight in Egypt and were supposed to have been put there when it was moved to Alexandria.

THE CANONCHET CONUNDRUM.

Will Gov. Sprague be able to Hold Possession of His Home?

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—A Providence dispatch says: It was thought that the writs of ejectment and replevin placed by Robert Thompson in the hands of Sheriff Whipple would be served yesterday during the absence of Governor Sprague from home. Sheriff Whipple, however, has positively stated he shall make no service of the writ when Governor Sprague is not at Canonchet. The writ of replevin for Mrs. Sprague's property, it is understood, he refuses point blank to serve on the ground that it is not the right way to proceed. Canonchet is well guarded at present and Governor Sprague says he shall use every effort to retain possession of the home he has occupied for eighteen years. A great deal of sympathy has been aroused for Governor Sprague of late, and many of the largest creditors are now willing to take part with him in the effort to have a new trustee of the property. It is believed that this attempt for a "new deal" will be successful.

"A GIGANTIC CORNER."

How the Armour Brothers Cleared a Profit of $7,000,000 Out of Pork.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—The Times of this city this morning gives what it vouches for as the true story of the great Armour pork deal, which cornered the market of the world. It began in 1879. Two of the firm went to Europe and ordered the purchase of an immense amount of provisions. On this they realized $2,000,000 profit. Then came the reaction and they lost $3,000,000. They sent out agents all over Europe determined to corner the pork market in the world. They began to load up in April, and last week they closed out with a profit of $7,000,000.

ROWELL'S RECORD.

The Score at 5 P. M. To-Day in the Astley Belt Contest.

LONDON, November 5.—At 10 o'clock this morning the scores of the pedestrians in the Astley belt contest were: Rowell, 432 miles; Littlewood, 387 miles; Dobler, 379 miles. Dobler is much better and going fairly well, as are both the others. On account of the intense cold and fog Littlewood wears a respirator.

Score at 3 o'clock: Rowell, 452; Littlewood, 404; Dobler, 391. The leading men going well, Dobler slowly.

LONDON, November 5.—Score at 5 o'clock: Rowell, 463; Littlewood, 409; Dobler, 395.

She is Shame, He in Rags.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—In the Armory Police Court this morning a denizen of low life named Lizzie Adams was arraigned for robbing a man. His name was Fisher. She recognized him in court as her early lover, a graduate of Yale College and a resident of New Haven. They had been engaged years ago. The match was broken. She fell into shame and he in rags.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Prosecution of the Land Leaguers in Ireland.

European News Wafted Over the Cable.

Ireland.

LONDON, November 5.—The Dublin agitators who were indicted have now been served with the summons. At the Land League meeting Parnell said he had reason to believe the Government desired to postpone the trial until the January term, which would prevent those traversers who are members of Parliament from taking their seats at the meeting of Parliament in February. Parnell said he intended to press for an immediate and speedy trial.

PARNELL'S STATEMENT.

LONDON, November 5.—Mr. Parnell said to a correspondent, speaking of the Irish prosecutions: The present Government is powerful only to send the Irish people buckshot and cartridges. It is adopting the regime of the French Empire. It is taxing the starving people for the support of its soldiery. This has been brought about by the predominance of Tory influence in the cabinet, represented by the Marquis of Hartington. The agitation will not be abandoned. By these trials the Land League will be solidified. Parnell's last statement is printed in the English press, in which he says the landlords and tenants stand for the first time face to face, and the former fear to strike. The next two months will tell. He closes with an appeal for assistance from every nation.

DETAILS OF THE OUTRAGES.

DUBLIN, November 5.—Fresh outrages alleged to have been committed by members of the Land League continue to come in. Chas. Dudgeon, Magistrate of Leinster, County of Meath, was fired at by an unknown person. He returned the fire, and the assassin fled. Yesterday an armed party attacked Mr. Longat Lostin, County Claire, took him in his yard and cut off his ears and left him for dead.

PARNELL TO BE MARRIED.

LONDON, November 5.—Parnell is reported as having said if Government detectives visited his house he would throw them in the river. It is also stated that the great agitator is to be married at a very early day. The opinion of some learned gentlemen of the bar is that the indictment is defective. Some counts are vague, some untenable.

IN THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

DUBLIN, November 5.—The Court of Queen's Bench this morning was crowded until the Court rose. On behalf of the members of the Land League, who have four days in which to answer summons. They will merely lodge a formal appearance in the court through their solicitor. Several of the most prominent had resolved to conduct their own defense, but have abandoned that intention, in deference to the general desire to expedite trials. An great Nationalist meeting will be held Sunday at Rothdrum, near Wicklow. An appeal by the Land League to the people of Ireland will be published this afternoon.

BULLDOZING THE TENANTS.

DUBLIN, November 5.—A band of men numbering 100, partly armed, marching in military order, traversed an estate near Tralee last night, forcing the tenants to swear not to pay above a certain amount of rent.

England.

LONDON, November 5.—None of the bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday went to America.

A CABINET MEETING.

LONDON, November 5.—The Cabinet will meet next Tuesday. Gladstone is here with health improved. The subject of the ministerial deliberations will be Turkey and India.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

Lord Chief Justice Cockburn, of the Queen's Bench, is seriously ill.

WHAT WILL GLADSTONE SAY?

LONDON, November 5.—A Cabinet meeting was held to-day to decide what Gladstone shall say to the Mansion House Committee. He is also expected to vindicate the British policy on the Greek question. The new Greek loan is not much favored.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 5.—Bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance was £741,000.

The whole amount is for America.

France.

PARIS, November 5.—Felix Pyatt announces that his paper, the Commune, is defunct. As the caution may be withdrawn on appeal the Court confirmed his sentence to two years' imprisonment for his article in the Commune on the defense of regicide and justifying the attempt to assassinate the Czar in Paris in '65. It is rumored that Pyatt has quitted Paris.

RESIGNATION OF MAGISTRATES.

PARIS, November 5.—Several fresh resignations of magistrates have reached the Government in consequence of the continued enforcement of the religious decrees in the provinces. Buffet, the Duke De Broglie and De Peyere have afforded succor to the Dominicans expelled from their establishment in this city.

ENFORCED.

The decrees were enforced here to-day against the Dominicans, Franciscans and other unauthorized religious communities. There was a passive resistance and protests. Some of the sympathizers with the ejected orders were arrested for insulting the police.

A FOREGONE CONCLUSION.

PARIS, November 5.—The decision of the Tribunal of Conflicts that the Minister of Justice is qualified to preside at its sittings renders it a foregone conclusion the tribunal will decide to refer the actions brought by the Jesuits to the Council of State, a thoroughly Republican body, instead of to the ordinary courts.

South Africa.

LONDON, November 5.—A dispatch from Cape Town says Mr. Walsh, reported murdered, has arrived at Umita. General Clark has burned Maletsone's villages. The Colonial troops have attacked Masera and captured forty horses.

Russia.

LONDON, November 5.—A correspondent at St. Petersburg reports that the treaty of Livadia has been renewed two months more. Negotiations with Marquis Tseng, the Chinese Embassador, are assuming a more definite form. A correspondent at Berlin says the health of the Czar is reported very unsatisfactory.

The Dominion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MONTREAL, November 5.—H. J. Bingley, an Englishman who recently married in high life, has skipped for the United States. Information received from London regarding his other wife and child was the cause. The parents of the girl have taken steps to annul the marriage.

A BIG FIRE.

WATFORD, ONT., November 5.—Four blocks of the business portion of this place were burned. Loss fully $15,000.

New Buildings.

J. and P. Sheehan intend to construct a two-story brick dwelling, to cost $4,000, on the west side of Nineteenth street between St. Louis avenue and University street.

H. Brennan is altering a brick building used as a store and residence on the south side of Olive street, between Page and Channing avenues. The cost of construction will be $1,900.

The Klausman Brewery Company is about to build a two-and a-half-story brick addition, at a cost of $2,000, on the west side of Main street (South St. Louis) between Catalan and Lorentz streets.

THE Board of Directors of the Fair Association will meet to-morrow afternoon. It is understood that a quantity of business will be transacted.

TO DEATH.

Death, be not proud, though some have called thee
Mighty and dreadful, for thou art not so;
For those whom thou think'st thou dost overthrow
Die not, poor death; nor yet canst thou kill me.
From rest and sleep, which but thy pictures be,
Much pleasure: then from thee much more must flow;
And soonest our best men with thee do go—
Rest of their bones, and soul's delivery.
Thou'rt slave to fate, chance, kings and desperate men,
And dost with poison, war and sickness dwell;
And poppy or charms can make us sleep as well,
And better than thy stroke. Why swell'st thou then?
One short sleep past, we wake eternally
And Death shall be no more: Death, thou shalt die.

JOHN DONNE.

A LOVER'S CRIME.

The Lack of a Marriage Portion Causes Murder and Suicide.

Vienna Correspondence New York World.

Yesterday the city was shocked by the news of a terrible murder, similar in many respects to the crime committed just four years ago by a young man who murdered a postman and robbed him of the valuable letters which his pouch contained. It appears that on Wednesday evening a young man of about twenty entered a small lodging-house near the great Franz Joseph's barracks and asked for a room. He had no luggage, and when shown a small room in the second story objected and said he was used to better accommodations. He was then shown to a nice bed-room in the fourth story, which he accepted and left, after having written his name in a bold commercial hand upon the bill which the police leave at all hotels and which it is customary to sign. He did not occupy the room that night, but returned at 8 o'clock in the morning. The porter asked him when he entered it if he had spent a pleasant night and he answered "A very pleasant night!" laughed and begged the porter to send the postman up to his room if he came with a letter containing money for him. Shortly afterwards the postman appeared and delivered several letters at the hotel, which he carried to the rooms of those to whom they were addressed, because for letters of value the postman must get a receipt. He went up to the fourth story and after not more than ten minutes the door of the room was torn open and the young occupant as well as the postman rushed down stairs. The young man went into the empty porter's stall and then ran out into the street. The postman called out for a glass of water, adding that he felt giddy. But before it was brought he fainted and fell. Of course no one supposed that a murder had been committed, but the general belief was that the old postman had had a fit of apoplexy. He was laid on a couch and the doctor was called, but he did not succeed in reviving him. In the meantime the hotel-keeper searched the vacant room and then, of course, the truth came out. On the table stood a small bottle and a glass, both containing a few drops of a sweet, unpleasant-smelling liquor. Nothing else was found but two articles of woman's underwear, trimmed with lace and spotted with blood. In the stove, which had been cleaned the day before, was found an envelope torn to tiny pieces. Strange to say, the murderer had not completed his work, for the postman's pouch was found intact with about 100,000 florins' worth of money letters in it. He had even left the letter which the postman had brought for himself unopened in the porter's chair. He must have addressed this letter to himself the night before, for, although he had taken his room but an hour before the letter was posted, the address was minute: Room No. 27, on the fourth story, to the left. The murdered postman was sixty-seven years old and was considered so honest and trustworthy that large amounts were intrusted to him daily. He died at the hospital at noon without having recovered consciousness.

While all the clever detectives of Vienna were hunting through the city for the murderer a clue came to the police and announced the sudden death of a young man who had committed suicide by taking prussic acid. The police went to the Hotel Union, where the suicide had taken place, and found a girl crying over the partially dressed body of a young man. On the table lay a letter which the girl said she found in the dead man's pocket, which contained a few words of farewell and the announcement of his resolution to make an end of his life, since there was no possibility of their marriage. She told the police officers that they had gone to Presbourg together three days previously to beg money of a relation, but had failed to obtain it. The young man, who had been her lover for years, also told her that he expected to get 1,500 florins yesterday, but that he had got nothing. She showed five half-kreuzers (about the fifth part of a cent) and said that was all the property he had left behind. The police officer stood looking at the dead man and suddenly it dawned upon him that this might be the old postman's murderer. He asked to see the dead man's clothes and found that they were exactly like those described as worn by the murderer. The soiled linen found in the murderer's room was then shown the girl, and she immediately recognized it as her own, and asked in great astonishment where they got it from. When questioned as to the way in which the suicide was committed, she gave the following details: The proprietor of the hotel was showing his rooms to a magisterial commission, which is looking for a house of safety in case of inundation this winter. The hotel keeper knocked at the young couple's door, and said: "You will not mind! A commission wishes to see this room." The gentlemen did not enter, but the young man turned pale, jumped into bed and gasped, "The commission!" pulled the bed-clothes over his head and drank the poison, which he had no doubt kept ready for such an emergency. He tossed about violently as if in pain, and the girl ran out to call for help, but when she returned he could only say what the poor postman had said before dying: "Water, for God's sake give me water!" Before the water touched his lips he was stone dead.

The people of the hotel where the old postman was murdered recognized the dead man as the same who had engaged the room, so that no doubt remains as to his identity. The young man's name is Burghardt and he was born in Hungary, where his father has charge of a small post-office. On his cards Burghardt calls himself the representative of an English export firm, but this is supposed to be untrue.

Polygamy as an Investment.

Utah Letter in San Francisco Chronicle.

We halted at a way station for dinner. A white-haired but not very sanctimonious saint occupied the chair next to me. "A resident of the country?" I asked. "Oh, yes: for twenty-five years." "Married?" "Some." "More than one wife?" "I think so. I've got a few scattered about here and there." "Believe in polygamy, I presume?" "Certainly. I'd never have made a living if I hadn't." "How's that?" "Well, you see, stranger, I used to think a good deal as you do. I had 160 acres of land and one wife, but didn't make much headway. There was too much work for one man to attend to. Finally I froze to a second wife. She took her share of the burden like a perfect brick, and affairs moved on in better shape. Then I got to thinking that if two wives were better than one, three would be better than two; consequently I took a third and, my affairs improved still more. I mapped out the business of the ranch and gave No. 1 her part, and gave a part to No. 2 and part to No. 3 and took a part myself. Everything went on like clockwork. Our little community was thoroughly organized. Finally I concluded that a fourth wife would be quite an advantage, and I looked around and secured her. I found that the more wives I had the more land I could work. I now operate 240 acres of one kind and another, and have six wives to assist me, and I've got things so systematized down that everything goes on quite lovely, and I don't have much to do myself. Polygamy is a great institution, my friend, and you'd never succeed in the world until you marry a few time. Sometimes one of my wives gets a little offish like; but, instead of making a great row about it and getting a divorce, as you do in California, I simply stay away from her for a day or two, and then when I do happen around she smiles all over her face and loves me in a desperate fashion. Oh, yes: I may marry several times yet before I die: and the more women I marry the richer I expect to get." This talk was by no means sophistry, as I afterwards ascertained. A large portion of the women of Utah are slaves.

Raising the Wind in an Organ.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"Yes," said the Custom-house man, reflectively, "we have to exercise a good deal of judgment in those things and soon get to know prices as well as men in the selling business. Invoice the goods too low? Well, mostly everybody invoices the goods low, but they run a risk, of course. We may add 10 per cent to the invoiced value and take the goods. So if a person tries to bring in $2 worth of stuff at $1 valuation we can give him $1 10 and take the article. Chance for speculation? Well, not so much as you would think. One of the younger members of the force some time ago was alone in the office, when a man came in and asked for a word in private. 'You see I don't want my name mixed up in this business,' said the stranger, 'but I've been trying to sell Jacob Ryders—you know Ryders? No? meanest cuss on earth—to sell him an organ, and he's gone and bought one over the river. I admit it's a good investment—cost him $825—but I could have sold him just as good a one. Now he'll be over with it to-day very likely, and will try to sneak it through at $150 or $200 to save duty. Wouldn't you just watch out for him?'

"My friend was musically inclined and thought he might get an organ cheaply. He stayed around till a dray with an immense box appeared, and a flurried man appeared with an invoice in his hand that set forth that the accompanying organ—built by Blower & Co., of Waydowneast, was sold to Jacob Ryders for $125—received payment, J. W. B.

"'Let's look at that organ,' said my friend, as he knocked off a board from the packing-case and peered inside. 'seventeen stops, eh? Rather a cheap organ at $125.'

"'Oh! it's all right,' said the impatient Ryders, 'here's the invoice, you see.'

"'Well, I'll give you $137 50 and take the instrument.'

"'But I won't sell it for that,' cried the excited Ryders.

"My friend showed him the ten per cent and confiscated the organ in spite of Jacob's prayers. Good bargain? Oh, I dun'no. He found afterwards that few of the stops had any effect on the inside of the instrument, and that the organ was one of the $95 75 ones made by Blower & Co. Yes, I must admit he was sold, rather. I never found Ryders, and have made a respectable wash-stand out of that organ. Oh! yes, I was the man."

Reforming the English Bar.

From the New York World.

Many innovations upon the traditions of the English bar have been made and are making. The "attorney" has disappeared and the "solicitor" fills his place. The "special pleader" is dead and so is the order of "sergeants." Barristers are permitted by etiquette to associate with solicitors and in some of the courts solicitors have been permitted to make addresses to the bench. Lately, audacious propositions have been made that wigs and gowns should disappear from bar and bench, so that the "Q. C." who is a member of Parliament shall wear in court the more comparatively rational dress which he wears in the House of Commons when he is addressing the legislative department of the Government, which is on an equality with its judicial department. The legal banners of Munich have also been waving over the dress question, for it seems that a Bavarian judge has agitated his court by refusing to hear an advocate who appeared in colored cheviot trousers. The Bavarian Court, it seems, pointed out to Dr. Helbling—the offending counsel—a very old rule for the appearance in all courts of advocates "wearing tail coats and other decent garments." The Bavarian Court of Appeals, which is called "Supreme Court of Upper Instance," has before it the construction of the word "decent," for this is the word by which the trousers question must be measured. Dr. Helbling will argue that if the Court objects to colored trousers then it may object to style of cravat or waistcoat or shoes or stockings. Fancy Junge Folger or Judge Rapallo being interrupted in the midst of his canvas to hear an argument as to whether Justice Duffy was right in denying Counsellor Fellows a hearing because he wore crimson stockings. As a general rule New York lawyers are fond of natty raiment. To be sure, one Judge who wore very fancy scarfs and rather reckless breast pins came to grief before an impeaching tribunal. Yet the instance proves nothing, because other judges who are utterly unimpeachable are conspicuous for their taste in cravats, waistcoats and dazzling neck-gear.

The Silent Oxford Don.

From the London Globe.

The power of silence has a rare personal influence on the antagonist against whom it is used. There is the well known story of the Oxford don, whose great delight was to tower in dignity over the undergraduates of his college. One day, just outside the Christ Church meadows, he met a very fresh young Oxonion and asked him to join him for a walk. The student felt himself several inches taller, and started quite gaily on the excursion. Dr. Baliol said nothing, but walked on. And so they walked in silence for an hour. The silence took all the spirit out of the student, who heartily wished himself back, but did not know how to manage it. At last, fascinated by this singular treatment, he observed nervously and tentatively that the days seemed at last to be lengthening. The don made no response to this observation, and another hour's silence brought them across the Isis and under the tall tower of Magdalen. There they parted: but, before leaving, the college magnate observed to his companion that that was a very foolish remark he had made.

Sleeping in a Hogshead.

From the Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer, Oct. 31.

Near Chattahoochee, Fla., there lives an old negro known to the boatmen as Keiser. He is a farmer and makes a good living, but has not slept in a house in a number of years. In passing at any hour of the night parties on the boat can see his torch-light in the woods. For some time the negroes in the neighborhood stole his cotton, cane, watermelons, etc., and he devised a plan to catch them. During the months when the fruit was ripe and in the cotton picking season he slept in a hogshead in the center of the field. He is a strange creature in this respect, but succeeds in making a very good living. The boys often keep him on the boat by talking to him, until she is well out in the stream, and then see him jump overboard and swim for land.

How the Ancients Ground Grain.

From the San Francisco Bulletin.

Mrs. B. B. Reading has presented to the Academy of Sciences, on behalf of J. H. Sisson, of Siskiyou County, a metade of basalt rock, found nine feet below the surface of the earth near the Oregon boundary line. The metade was used by the ancient native races for the purpose of grinding grain, and this specimen has a flat top, slightly raised about the edge on the two sides and at the upper end, and is about twenty-two inches long and 13 inches in breadth. It is supported by three legs, the upper one being an inch or so longer than the two lower, thus giving it the requisite incline, so that the grain, crushed to flour by means of a heavy roller, can slide off into a vessel placed at the open end for that purpose.

Her Own Costumer.

Paris American Register, London Items.

Why does the Princess of Wales always dress in such exquisite taste? This is not a conundrum, so I hasten to say that it is because she not only designs her own costumes, but cuts them out herself. At Marlborough House is kept a staff of needlewomen always employed, and not even M. Worth himself can turn out better specimens of taste and fit. The absence among the West End shops of the customary legend, "Milliner to H. R. H., the Princess of Wales," "Dressmaker to H. R. H," etc., is very noticeable.

THE GUNNISON COUNTRY.

Condition of Things in the New Dorado of the West

Gunnison City Cor. N. Y. World.

I have in a previous letter ventured some suggestions to capitalists or men of moderate means concerning Gunnison mining camps as desirable fields for investment, but I believe only allusion has been made to operation in real estate, merchandising or manufacturing. There will be four or five good solid towns in Gunnison—towns possessing in two or three years from 3,000 to 7,000 permanent residents each. The bulk of the money has probably already been made on Gunnison town lots, but thousands of dollars are yet to be made, and those who arrive this fall or early next spring will do the gleaning. Jim Kelley, an old Government herder, located half of the present town site of Gunnison a year ago at an expense of $1 25 per acre. In May of the present year he sold his interest to Jack Haverly and associates for $30,000. Haverly was called foolish and Gunnison property has month by month been called too high, but it continues to advance, and men who purchased lots from Haverly three months ago for a few hundred dollars now hold at a thousand, and the end is not yet. Less than a year ago a few miners organized the town of Irwin in Ruby camp and sold lots at $10 each. Those same lots sell readily now for $700 to $1,500 each, and from present prospects will double in value inside of the next year. Pitkin, Gothic, Crested Butte and other points whose foundations are gold and silver, are undergoing the same experience, and, call it extravagance, "mushroom growth" or what you will, the fissure-vein mining camps will furnish as many examples of suddenly-acquired wealth in real estate speculation in their business centers as in the mines themselves. Gunnison ranch property is also worth looking after. Unsettled and unimproved tracts, now to be had for the simple taking, so limited in extent, located in sight of rich and populous mineral districts, and easily rendered productive, are worth intrinsically more, acre for acre, than the gardens of Long Island, simply because their productions will always sell for double, triple or quadruple the price ever realized from those of the latter.

Small foundries or machine shops are needed sadly in Irwin, Gothic and Gunnison, and a lucrative business awaits a good hotel man in three or four of the best towns. Irwin, Gothic, Pitkin and several other points each need a good stock of furniture and a good stationary house. Dealers in mining and milling machinery would find it profitable to survey this entire field. There are plenty of good clothing, grocery and dry-goods houses, but one or two more hardware establishments could find locations. There is but one good planing mill in the county, and three or four will doubtless find desirable openings next spring. Goods in all lines must be first-class in this country—the best prices are readily obtainable for them, while cheap and shoddy wares can hardly be given away. As an illustration of what a little capital backed with plenty of energy and good judgment will do in a new country I will mention the case of some acquaintances here—and it is only one of dozens that have come to my notice on my trip. Two young gentlemen last June bought a stock of general merchandise which invoiced $11,000, paying $1,800 in cash and agreeing to give one-half of the receipts each day until the remaining $9,200 was paid. The entire amount was paid in six weeks and the firm is now one of the best in Gunnison: it will pay $10,000 for freight this season.

Business is done on a cash basis and it is one of the very few countries in which people seem to buy things only when they have the money in their pockets to pay. This season, although a generally prosperous one for the merchant, is for certain reasons less lively than succeeding ones will doubtless be. Prospectors and others who came into the country early in the summer almost invariably brought loads of supplies with them because it was generally believed that no adequate supply of goods was here, or would be until very late. Thus it has happened that goods have often been sold by the wagon-load on the streets for what they would bring. Business is now settled, Gunnison is no longer a wilderness and the Gunnison merchant will hereafter get what rightfully belongs to him. Rents of business houses vary but little in the different towns. One floor, say 25x75 feet, $75 to $100 per month; shops or smaller houses, $40 to $60. Freights on merchandise from Chicago or St. Louis to Gunnison, three to four cents per pound; from Denver, two to two and-a-half cents. Insurance is obtainable only at heavy premiums, on account of the large preponderance of frame buildings, but this is constantly improving as the flimsy structures are gradually giving way to those of brick and stone. Interest on loans, one and a-half to three per cent per month. Banking facilities are first-class, the Bank of Gunnison, located here, having for its backers such men as Governor Tabor, and for its manager Colonel Sam G. Gill, for many years prominently identified with that colossal Western institution, the First National, of Denver.

It is a frequent remark just now throughout the country that Gunnison is full of men out of employment. To some extent the charge is true. But the trouble lies with the men, not with the country. Those who are idle are as a rule the class who sit behind the stove of some saloon looking for work. I have investigated this matter very closely and while I have occasionally found men walking toward the Atlantic cursing the country, I have more often found employers keenly on the watch for reliable help. I will go so far as to say I don't believe there is a man in the Gunnison country to-day who need be idle forty-eight hours if he is willing to roll up his sleeves and take hold of good, healthy manual labor—at anything that presents itself.

TABLE-TIPPING.

Revival of the Remarkable Phenomenon in Evansville, Ind.

From the Evansville Courier.

It has been some time since matters seemingly supernatural in the spiritualistic way have agitated Evansville people, but indications are now pointing in that direction. A "medium" of remarkable strength has been recently developed in the community, and a number of more or less power will be certain to follow, as several have developed mediumistic qualities in a marked degree already.

For some time rumor has been rife that there were strong spiritualistic demonstrations at a rather obscure residence on Fourth street, and circles of the immediate neighbors have been usual there evenings for some time. The manifestations have been confined solely to "table-tipping"—the initiatory step in spiritual developments. Mrs. Emma C. Senff, residing in a two-story dwelling almost opposite Turner Hall, seems to have control over the spirits of departed ones. A reporter of the Courier, desirous of witnessing the phenomenon, called there last night. At first Mrs. Senff was positively averse to any attempt at manifestations, but being asked she complied reluctantly. The lady's aversion to notoriety is quite natural. She is a woman of family, hard-working and honest, and since the recent developments crowds have come, skeptics and believers, worrying the lady almost to exasperation.

The table upon which the manifestations are made is an ordinary deal card table, some eighteen by twenty-four inches in diameter on the surface. It was picked up by the reporter and examined carefully, and no deception was noticed. Mr. Joe Streeby and Mrs. Senff placed their hands on the table, and for some time desultory conversation ensued, when all at once the table began moving. It was in a measure a startler to the Courier man, who is hardened enough for anything, from the fiery furnace to Gabriel's cornet solo. Some six or eight were called up, who spoke in turn and disclosed matters that none out those propounding the question knew. The table tipped the different raps, "yes," "no," and "I don't know," as accurately as if some one had been talking, and facts were revealed that no one knew but the person proposing the question. Among others, the spirit of Dr. Cloud was called up. He is said to be a strong spirit. He tipped the table, making it stand on one leg, as did also other "spirits," but their efforts were merely momentary, while he held the table up for some time. By request the table was tipped over into the reporter's lap, while no one's hands were on the board except those of Joe Streeby—he, the "spirits" say, is a strong "medium," and will be a "writing medium" with practice.

Mrs. Senff, in the presence of some ten or fifteen, held her hand over the table and without touching it has taken it over the floor into the adjoining room, "tipping" as she pleases by the word of request.

Mrs. Senff has recently been visiting a relative in Memphis, who is a strong believer in spiritualism, and last Wednesday the lady, on arriving home, began experimenting. The result is as above stated, and she now proposes, in order to protect herself from a rush, to make people pay for her annoyance. As to deception, there can not be any. The Courier man was particular and accurate in his investigations. The whole is said to be a matter of magnetism, but how questions could be answered so accurately is something yet to be found out. Some of the most intricate questions were answered explicitly, such as the distance to Owensboro, the age of those dead, and so on *ad infinitum*. At request the table would move either way, lengthwise or crosswise, frequently without Mrs. Senff touching the board, while it would erect itself on one leg, according to command. Mrs. Senff does not know what to make of it. She is as much at sea in the matter as any of us.

She attempted to perform the writing test, and spreading the counterpane over the table, she held a slate on the lower side. A continuous rustling of the slate was heard, and finally the lady had to give it up, the exertion being more than she could bear. In this connection Mr. Joe Streeby told a reporter that during the time his hands were on the table they felt as if an electric current was passing through them, and on the way home he added that his hands and arms were as tired as if he had been indulging in some manual labor, so full of aches were the members.

The whole affair is a conundrum that no one seems capable of solving.

FASCINATION IN A MAN.

Singular Instances in Which Men Have Been Unable to Move.

From the Nation.

Having frequently seen it stated in popular works and natural history as well as in some books of travels (chiefly Australian) that certain snakes possessed the power of so fascinating with their gaze birds and other creatures as to be able to seize upon and devour them without any difficulty, I am induced to inquire if such a power is peculiar to the serpent tribe or not, and incidentally to ask if any instances of its influence or extension can be traced upon the scale of creation to man himself. Being of opinion that such is the case, while it has occurred to me that many of the fatal accidents that occur in the streets of large cities, such as London, etc., might be ascribed to some such agency or sensation, I am induced to call attention to the circumstances in these pages, and to submit the following as my own personal contributions toward the inquiry: Describing certain incidents of the siege of Gibraltar, Drinkwater says ("History," page 75) that "on the 9th Lieutenant Lowe * * * lost his leg by a shot on the slope of the hill under the castle. He saw the shot before the fatal effect, but was fascinated to the spot. This sudden arrest of the faculties was not uncommon. Several instances occurred to my own observation where men totally free have had their senses so engaged by a shell in its descent that, though sensible of their danger, even so far as to cry for assistance, they have been immovably fixed to the place. But what is more remarkable, these men have so instantaneously recovered themselves on its fall to the ground as to remove to a place of safety before the shell bursts."

Alluding to the first casualty that occurred at Cawnpore during the siege of the intrenchment there, Mowbray Thompson says (the story of Cawnpore, page 66) that "several of us saw the ball bouncing toward us, and that he (McGuire) evidently saw it, but like many others whom I saw fall at different times, he seemed fascinated to the spot," and an old and now deceased departmental friend who went through the whole Crimean campaign assured me that he was once transfixed (fascinated, he called it), after this fashion, in the presence of a shell that he once saw issuing from Sevastopol, and whose gyrations in the air he could count. Other military friends have discussed the point with me in the same wise, and I think there is some allusion to it in one or the other of the works of Larry, Guthrie, Ballingall, or others of that like.

Italian Naval Schemes.

From the London Hour.

The new Italian man-of-war Italia is the largest war vessel yet built. She is to be armed with four 100-ton guns and several smaller ones, in addition to which she is to carry mitrailleuses. Her prow is supplied with a formidable ram. Her propelling power is imparted by twin screws, driven by engines of 2,000 nominal horsepower, and she is expected to attain a speed of sixteen knots an hour. Her vulnerable points are protected by very heavy armor, but in case that should be pierced, her buoyancy is insured by a subdivision of the hull into fifty-three water-tight compartments and a double cellular keel. Notwithstanding these precautions for their safety, it is said that the Italian seamen, both officers and men, greatly dislike the prospect of being appointed to her. The Italian economists are crying out against what they consider waste of money occasioned by these attempts to make Italy mistress of the seas. The larger part of this money, which will go to the Englishmen who are constructing the engines, might be more usefully spent on shore, but the 15,000 mechanics that have been employed in the last four years in the dock yard at Castellamare, where the Italia was built, are anxiously awaiting the commencement of the new vessel that is to take her place on the stocks.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Supreme Court of California denied writs of mandate, certiorari and habeas corpus in the case of I. M. Kalloch.

Ellen Ranson at Nashville, Tenn., was fatally stabbed by her husband. The couple quarreled and the result was as above stated.

W. P. Tanquary, editor of the State Journal, of Springfield, Illinois, died on Thursday evening of Bright's disease of the kidneys.

The epizooty has attacked the horses in Clinton, Ill., and there are a large number of cases reported. The farmers are frightened in consequence.

The seven-year-old daughter of L. A. Deavoiness, of Mendon, Mich., while playing with a revolver, shot herself in the head and died instantaneously.

In New York City, Janey Rigney, a servant who attempted to poison her mistress, Mrs. Mary E. Gibbs, has been convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for three years and a half.

As it is thought that the Judge Advocate General is about to resign, the name of Major Thomas F. Barr, military secretary to the Secretary of War, is most favorably mentioned for the succession.

In a street duel in Richmond, Texas, A. Booton and J. W. Edmondson fired several shots at each other, both displaying great coolness and determination. Edmondson was shot in the shoulder, but not fatally.

A peculiar accident was that which occurred in St. Joe, Mo., when John Liebageman dropped a revolver on the floor and it went off, shooting and killing him. He only lived a few hours after the pistol was discharged.

Small-pox prevails at different points along the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad. A railway brakeman who was suffering from that disease was discovered to-day, and the authorities at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, sent him to an hospital.

Thomas D. Young, who on Tuesday last was plowing a field near Nokomis, Ill., and who was, while crossing a ditch, thrown from the plow and pierced so badly by the shovel that he sustained fatal injuries, died on Wednesday night.

SOFTLY WOO AWAY HER BREATH.

Softly woo away her breath,
Gentle death!
Let her leave thee with no strife,
Tender, mournful, murmuring life!
She hath seen her happy day—
She hath had her bud and blossom;
Now she pales and sinks away,
Earth, into thy gentle bosom!

She hath done her bidding here,
Angels dear!
Bear her perfect soul above,
Seraph of the skies—sweet love!
Good she was, and fair in youth;
And her mind was seen to soar,
And her heart was wed to truth;
Take her, then, for evermore—
For ever—evermore! BARRY CORWALL.

EGYPTIAN SPORTS.

How the Ancients of the Nile Managed to Kill Time.

Lord Chief Justice Cockburn in Nineteenth Century for October.

Like their Asiatic neighbors and congeners, the Egyptians were ardent followers of the chase. Lion hunting, we are told by Sir Gardner Wilkinson, speaking from the representations on the tombs, was a frequent occupation of the kings, who were proud to have their success on such occasions recorded. Amunoph the Third boasts of having destroyed no less than 102 head in one battue. Ethiopia, in which lions abounded, was the principal scene of this sport, but lions were also to be found in the deserts of Egypt. Athenæus mentions one having been killed by the Emperor Hadrian when hunting in the neighborhood of Alexandria. According to Sir Gardner Wilkinson, the kings went far to the south in pursuit of elephants. He does not mention whether any representation of an elephant hunt is to be found on the monuments. The taste for hunting, Sir Gardner tells us, was general with all classes. The aristocracy had their parks for preserving game in the valley of the Nile, which, though on a less extensive scale than those of their Asiatic neighbors, were sufficiently large to enable them fully to enjoy the sport.

The animals they chiefly hunted were the hare, the gazelle, the stag and other deer, the wild goat or ibex, the oryx, the wild ox, the kebsh or wild sheep, and the porcupine. The ostrich, too, was pursued for the sake of its plumes, which were highly valued by the Egyptians.

One form of sport in which they indulged was that of pursuing the game with dogs, which, however, do not appear to have been used on such occasions for the purpose of finding the game, but were kept in slips ready to be let go as soon as the game was started. If the dogs succeeded in catching the animal, well and good. But generally their speed was not trusted to alone, though this might sometimes be done. Usually the sportsman followed in his chariot, and urging his horses to their utmost speed endeavored to intercept the object of pursuit or to get sufficiently near to it to be enabled to use his bow with effect. When the nature of the locality prevented the use of the chariot the hunter, taking advantage of the sinuosities of the ground, endeavored to get within reach of the game as it doubled and to bring it down with an arrow. The horned animals of the larger kind, such as the ibex, oryx or wild ox, if wounded only, sometimes turned on the hounds and required the spear of the hunter to dispatch them.

Sometimes, especially when they wished to take the animals alive for the purpose of placing them in the parks, they caught them with the lasso or noose, in the use of which the Egyptian huntsmen appear to have been extremely skillful, throwing the noose round the neck of the gazelle or deer or over the horns of the wild ox.

It may not be uninteresting to observe that while the Egyptians had several varieties of dogs—some of them chosen, Sir Gardner Wilkinson slily observes, "as at the present day, for their peculiar ugliness"—probably the pet dogs of the Egyptian ladies—the hound, as e. g., exhibited in drawing 236 of Sir Gardner Wilkinson's work, has, as with us, its peculiar and unmistakable characteristics. The hounds in the Egyptian painting would give one the idea of a cross between the English harrier and fox-hound, though perhaps a little taller and longer than the former and lighter than the latter. The head is unmistakably that of the hound. The kings and great men sometimes hunted with lions tamed and trained, as the cheetahs are in India, expressly for hunting. In No. 240 of Sir Gardner Wilkinson's drawings is the representation of a lion, with which the chasseur is hunting and which has just seized an ibex.

When sport was desired on a larger scale than could be had in the immediate vicinity of the Nile, where the land was cultivated and thickly peopled, it was sought in the neighboring deserts. When this was done a considerable extent of ground was inclosed by nets, into which the animals were driven by beaters, the place chosen for fixing the nets being, if possible, across narrow valleys or torrent beds, lying between rocky hills. In the Egyptian paintings these long nets are represented as surrounding the space in which the hunt is to be carried on. The net used for this purpose is thus described by Sir Gardner Wilkinson and the description, corresponding as it does with that given by Xenophon, may be taken as correctly describing the nets in universal use in the ancient world: "The long net was furnished with several ropes, and was supported by forked poles varying in length to correspond with the inequalities of the ground, and was so contrived as to inclose any space by crossing hills, valleys or streams and encircling woods, or whatever might present itself. Smaller nets for stopping gaps were also used, and a circular snare, set round with wooden or metal nails and attached by a rope to a log of wood and used for catching deer, resembled one still made by the Arabs." Being thus inclosed, the game was started by beaters with dogs, the sportsmen being so placed as to waylay the animals or to get within reach of them with the bow. A spirited sketch of a chase in the desert of Thebaid, copied by Sir Gardner Wilkinson from a tomb at Thebes, gives a vivid representation of such a hunting scene. Hares, deer, gazelles, wild oxen, the ibex, the oryx and ostriches, together with foxes and hyenas, pursued by hounds, are dashing at full speed across the plain, while in the midst of them is a porcupine who is taking things very coolly, as if conscious that his rate of speed was by no means equal to that of his nimbler associates, and that any attempt to keep up with them would be vain. The slaughter on such occasions would seem to have been very great.

In one respect the Egyptians were sportsmen in the sense in which we should use that term. Except in these battues in the desert, they appear to have killed and taken the animals which could properly be called game only in open pursuit. They employed no snares or traps for the purpose. The noxious animals, on the other hand, such as leopards, hyenas, wolves, jackals, foxes, were not only hunted for amusement, but might be destroyed by the peasant, to whose herds or farmyards they were standing enemies, in any way by which they could be taken. The poacher appears to have been unknown.

Not less striking than their hunting was the fowling of the Egyptians. The lakes and marshland of the Delta and the reedy marshes which in many places line the banks of the Nile, have ever been the resort of innumerable wild fowl. Hence fowling appears to have been a general pursuit. The professional fowler who followed it for his livelihood used nets and traps; but the sportsman brought the birds down with the throw-stick—a stick make of heavy wood from a foot and a quarter to two feet in length and about an inch and a half in breadth, slightly curved at the upper end, and which, being flat, and thus encountering but little resistance from the air in its flight, could be thrown to a distance, and, when thrown by a dexterous hand, with considerable accuracy of aim. The method of proceeding appears to have been to creep in punts made of the papyrus as noiselessly as possible into the reeds, the height of which concealed their approach till, the birds rising, the sportsman was enabled to use the throw-stick, an attendant being at hand who as fast as one stick was thrown supplied another. Three of the most spirited sketches in Sir Gardner Wilkinson's collections are representations of such fowling parties. Strange to say, in two of them there appears a cat, employed to act the part of a retriever in getting the fallen birds out of a thicket.

No trace of hawking is to be found in the Egyptian paintings. The use of the hawk species for the purpose of fowling appears to have been unknown to the Egyptians, as also to the Asiatics.

From their early contact with the Egyptians it might have been expected that the Jews would have acquired a taste for hunting. But this does not appear to have been the case. They had, no doubt, occasion to destroy the beasts of prey for the protection of their flocks and herds. From the legend of Samson, and the statement ascribed to David that he had slain a lion and a bear, and the story of Benaiah, who is said to have slain a lion in a pit in time of snow, it would appear that lions, though there is no reason to suppose them to have been numerous, were occasionally troublesome in Judea. Several allusions in the Bible also show that the various devices for taking both ground and winged game were not unknown to the Jews, and the express enumeration of harts, roebucks and fallow deer, among the provisions daily supplied for the household and table of Solomon, shows that game of this description was not wanting in Judea, and that its capture was not neglected. But there is nothing to lead us to suppose that hunting or fowling was generally pursued as an amusement, or on an extensive scale, as in Egypt or Assyria. The prohibition as to eating the flesh of certain animals, as the wild swine, the hare and the coney, elsewhere the objects of pursuit, but forbidden by the Jewish law, no doubt on the supposition that their flesh was unwholesome to man—though we are at a loss to see why the flesh of an animal which chews the cud but does not divide the hoof should necessarily be unfit for man, and still more so to account for the law giver having fallen into the mistake of supposing that the hare and the coney were animals which chewed the cud—may have tended to check the practice of hunting, the pursuit of the hare and the wild boar, especially the former, forming generally so large a portion of the hunter's occupation. It does not appear from the Bible that the Jews availed themselves of the service of the dog in the pursuit of game. Possibly the prohibition contained in the seventeenth chapter of Leviticus against eating the flesh of any animal that had been torn may have led to the non-use of the dog, a serious drawback to the success of the hunter, and which would necessitate the use of the snare, the trap and the pitfall in substitution for the chase.

Savings in Postage Stamps.

From the Liverpool Courier.

Shortly before the close of the late session of Parliament, Mr. Fawcett, the Postmaster-General, intimated that, with the view of encouraging thrift among the poorer classes of the community, he would make provision for extending the usefulness of the Post-Office Savings Bank. This was to be done by issuing forms on which a certain number of postage stamps were to be affixed, the forms when full being received as deposits in lieu of cash. As an experiment the scheme was to be tried experimentally in selected counties where the agricultural element predominates. One of these counties was Aberdeen, and the result of the first month's operations is deemed highly satisfactory. No fewer than 600 forms have been filled up and lodged as deposits, and in the city of Aberdeen alone 200 new deposits have been opened. Should the experiment in the other counties prove equally successful the scheme will be put into operation throughout the whole country.

AMUSEMENTS.

John McCullough.

Last evening the tragedian John McCullough appeared again in his great role of Othello, which during the last few years he has made his chief study. In his representation of the Moor of Venice more than in any other of his masterly assumptions does Mr. McCullough show the remarkable advance he has made in his art. His Othello is now a well rounded conception carried out with a finished massiveness which makes it one of the finest stage portraitures to be seen to-day. McCullough will only give three more performances. To-night he is announced in his great role of Virginius a character in which he is admittedly unrivaled and the one with which he expects to capture the Londoners next spring, as it is set down for his central piece at Drury Lane Theater. At the matinee to-morrow "Hamlet" will be the programme, with McCullough as the Prince of Denmark. His last appearance to-morrow evening will be in the character of Richard III. These are the closing representations of what may be McCullough's last engagement here for years. The public should not fail to witness the tragedian's splendid acting. He has never been in better health than at the present time and he never acted better. We should rally round our popular tragedian, and, by bestowing our hearty and liberal patronage upon his farewell performances give him a splendid parting greeting. This is one of the cities which the actor loves, and St. Louis, by her appreciation of his dramatic genius, should send him across the main to England with the strongest verdict of endorsement.

Grand Opera-House.

Do you want to laugh? Do you want nearly three hours of pure, unadulterated fun? Do you want to get rid of the cares and anxieties of life in a few hours' enjoyable mirth? Then, we say, go at once to the Grand Opera-house. If there is any misanthropic or cadaverous-looking individual who does not leave it metamorphosed into a jolly, generous, healthy person, we want to see him. Willie Edouin's Sparks are a sure cure for jaundice, megrims, neuralgia or any other of the thousand ills which flesh is heir to. "Dreams" is so far ahead of other entertainments of its kind that comparison is impossible. The artists too could not be surpassed in their respective roles. This may seem like puffery, but it is our sober second judgment. If you miss "Dreams" you miss an evening of unalloyed enjoyment.

Pope's.

The Hop-Scotch Combination presents its olio of song, dance and specialty every evening at Pope's. The company embraces Augustus J. Bruno, the two Daniels, Scully and Mason, Buckley, Miss Louise Manfred, Miss Grayson and Mrs. Bruno. The engagement terminates on Saturday evening. Next week Pope's will have the success of the season, "Hazel Kirke," which will be put on with new and elaborate scenery, and the original company from the Madison Square Theater, New York. "Hazel Kirke" has had a larger run than any play ever produced in America, and, like the brook, promises to flow on forever. Over $600 worth of tickets have already been sold, so seats should be secured early.

Theatre Comique.

John W. Ransome had a large audience at the Theatre Comique last night notwithstanding the weather outside. "Across the Atlantic" will be given at the remaining performances. Manchester and Jennings and Joe and Annie Burgess conclude a long engagement at this theater to-morrow evening.

WHITE marble statues of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales are being fashioned for the proposed Temple Bar memorial, the whole cost of which will be $50,000. The memorial is designed to stand in the centre of the highway, or the site of Temple Bar, and is described by one of the numerous critics of the project as a bribe to the Queen to induce her to confer a baronetcy on the retiring Lord Mayor.

The usual routine of the Post-office at Washington, D. C., was on Wednesday varied by an encounter over a matter involving the sum of $150, in which two mail contractors named M. C. Ridell and George Giddings were engaged. Ridell struck Giddings and the latter retaliated by knocking Ridell down. The contestants were separated by the Assistant Postmaster-General.

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FREE OF CHARGE!

All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.

PERSONAL.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

FOR THE BEST WORK, lowest price and most elegant styles in fine merchant tailoring go to Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, Northwest corner of Main and Locust streets.

ARCHITECT—P. R. MONNERON, first diplomaist of the School or Beaux Arts, Paris, France, 407 Walnut street.

A LADY correspondent wanted. Address "329" Lock Box 64, Wichita, Kas.

ALL Cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

A MIDDLE-AGED LADY desires the acquaintance of a refined gent who is willing to assist her financially. No triflers need answer. H. B., this office.

CHEAPEST place for paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. E. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

RICORD'S FRENCH COTTON POWDER is warranted better than any other remedy for Leucorrhœa, Whites, etc. Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

DYSPEPSIA AND ANY DERANGEMENT OF the digestive organs cured by Maguire's Dyspepsia Cure. At Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

DRESSMAKING and all kinds of sewing done at 2908 Pine street. S. T. Taylor system used.

EXTRAORDINARY! Notwithstanding the advance in woolens, J. D. MAGUIRE is making no good business suits for $25, southeast corner Sixth and Olive sts.

FAMILIES wishing nice cakes for parties or weddings, nicely trimmed, can get them by leaving their orders at McKinney's bakery, 2415 Franklin avenue.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MAGUIRE'S Curative and Injection at Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE, 222 S. Twelfth street, established 1876. Get circular and catalogue.

MME. REID, formerly Dunnill, a graduate of the St. Louis School of Midwives. Ladies in trouble call. Board during confinement. Letters confidential. Residence 1216 Chouteau ave.

MAGUIRE'S NEURALGIA PILLS never fail to cure neuralgia or pain of any kind—50 cents per box, at Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

PERSONAL—Jos. A. Droz, the watchmaker, "eighteen years' experience in St. Louis," at F. A. Durgin's, 825 North Seventh, near Olive street. Biggest bargains in fine gold and silver watches.

PERSONAL.—Call shoes $3.50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Laura De Knevett, spiritualist, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1413 Morgan street.

THE GREATEST STRENGTHENING MEDICine, preventive of fever and purifier of the blood known, is Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial. At Harless' Drug Store, 18 south Fifth street.

WANTED—To exchange fine horse, harness and sidebar buggy, for diamonds; a bargain for some one. U. S., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

A GOOD honest boy 14 years old wishes to learn the trade of blacksmith. Wages moderate. Address P. 26, this office.

A COMPOSITOR wishes a steady job; salary no object. Apply at 813 Market street.

BY a young man of steady, sober habits, a situation in some Protestant family as dining-room boy or coachman; am familiar with both. Would have no objection to going in the country. Object, a home. Address Cuthbert, this office.

EMPLOYMENT wanted by a man capable to fill any position in stationery, printing and binding trade. Adjusting and writing up accounts solicited for temporary employment. Address "Expert," this office.

FOR FINE DRESS SUITS, made and cut in the most perfect manner, go to Charles R. Lewis' Clothing Manufacturing Co., Main and Locust; they will save you money.

SITUATION by a young man, in wholesale or retail grocery; best of city refs.; address Max, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a young man in a stove or tinware store, or at his trade. Address "Tinsmith," 1012 South Eighth street.

WANTED.—A situation by a young man; is a book-keeper and first-class accountant; will work on trial; refers to late employers. Address L. 24, this office.

WANTED—Indoor work by a young man willing to make himself useful. S. T., this office.

WANTED—Employment by a thorough accountant and correspondent. No objection to travel. H. B., care this office.

WANTED—To learn the drug business by a young man of good appearance, has some knowledge of medicine, and is a good penman and book-keeper. Address R. 27, this office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

GOOD, steady honest boy wanted to take care of a horse and work about the house. Wages $12 per month, board and room. Apply at room 14, No. 414 Olive st.

TWO plumbers wanted. W. F. Lambe & Co., 813 Market st.

WANTED—2132 Walnut street, a smart boy to attend horse and make himself useful.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

A LADY that is competent to teach wishes a situation as governess. Would assist with sewing. Address A. Wilson, this office.

A GIRL wants a situation for general housework in a small family; address 2320 Morgan, in rear.

SITUATIONS wanted by two girls; one is a first-class cook, and the other a laundress. References given if required. Call at 1231 N. Seventeenth st.

SITUATION wanted to do general housework in a small private family. Address J. A. M., this office.

SITUATION by a very practical coutnurier who understands cutting. Address John Rothenbaum, this office.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

GOOD GIRL, 12 or 14 years old wanted at 1507 Pine; good home given.

GOOD German or American girl wanted for general work. American family, four persons; $12 a month. No. 1300 Armstrong ave. (S. Twenty-second st.)

GOOD GIRL wanted for general housework, white or colored, at 2005 Chestnut st.

YOUNG girl (white) wanted as nurse, day time only. Call with references at 2268 Chestnut.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS wanted for a Life Assurance Company. Address with references, W. L. C., this office.

ONE or two good men to sell wash blue and shoemaker's ink to shops and houses. Will give half the profits. Apply in the morning at 9 o'clock to L. L. Wetzell, No. 410 Myrtle street, in the rear.

WANTED—Agents for city or country, to introduce a new, fast-selling article needed by every family. Small capital; large profits. Apply to Burns, Hotel Barnum.

WANTED—Agents with small capital to introduce a new and fast selling article needed by every family in the city; apply to J. H. Burtis, Hotel Barnum.

BOOKS.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

AMERICAN Cyclopædia, last edition, sheep, $65, Chambers do. London edition, $23 50. Guizot's France, $25. (Wanted—Standard books for cash.) Dan. Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York. Send for a circular.

REMOVALS.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

FOR RENT.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

1507 PINE—Pleasant and nicely-furnished second-story room, for two gentlemen; south exposure; gas and bath.

1627 FRANKLIN AVE.—Furnished front room suitable for two with fire; cheap to good parties; also, hall room.

ELEGANT furnished rooms for rent. Southeast corner Eleventh and Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—7-room house nearly new, furnished. 3820 Washington ave.

WANTED—ROOMS.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

LOST AND FOUND.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

IF YOU WANT a good business suit made go to Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Co., corner Main and Locust.

LOST—One brown sardonyx pendant set in gold and platin, with a sunk cameo on one side and a monogram of C. F. M. on the other. The pendant was lost in the cars or on the way from St. Ange ave., corner Eighth and Gratiot streets. A liberal reward for recovery of same will be paid by returning same to C. F. Mathey, of Mermod, Jaccard & Co.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Complete outfit of a retail grocery, scales, tea cans, scoops, measures, desk, lamps, ice chest, etc., with small amount of stock, very cheap for cash in lots to suit. Call at 204 N. Second street.

BOARDING.

1825 OLIVE street—Unfurnished back parlor; also a furnished hall room, southern exposure, with board.

BARNUM'S HOTEL—I have a few single and double rooms suitable for young men, at $30 per month. L. A. PRATT.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

500 CAST OFF OVERCOATS wanted immediately; will pay from $3 to $10. Address or call, Little Charlie, 1832 Franklin avenue.

TO exchange fine driving mare, harness and sidebar buggy, all first-class, for diamonds. Address U. S., this office.

WANTED—A nice, respectable young man as room-mate. Nicely furnished room in private family. Rent low. Address W. R. H., this office.

WANTED—Few head of horses to winter; good feed and water; large exercise grounds. Apply to Ben. Mc. McCulloch, State Savings Association, Third and Vine.

WANTED—BOARD.

BOARD wanted by a gentleman and wife in a private family. Best references required and given. Address H. H. H., this office.

PARTNERS WANTED.

A PARTNER wanted to construct an air-boat. Patent, this office.

WANTED PARTNER—A reliable man with $500 as half partner; business profitable. Address for three days, Reliable, this office.

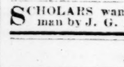
EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOLARS wanted for private instruction in German by J. G. Hertwig, 16 S. Third st.

ALL SORTS.

GET your tailoring done by Charles R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Company, corner Main and Locust.

COAL—HALL & CO., 23d and Morgan, the most popular market in the city. Send your postal.

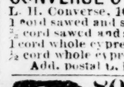


IF you have a lot and desire a house built thereon, to be paid for in monthly installments, apply to the St. Louis Mutual House Building Company. Office 813 Walnut.

CONVERSE CYPRESS KINDLING At low prices. L. H. Converse, 1009 Morgan. Price list delivered.
1 cord sawed and split.....$1 00
½ cord sawed and split..... 2 00
1 cord whole cypress stave kindling..... 1 00
½ cord whole cypress stave kindling..... 2 00
Add. postal to L. H. CONVERSE, 1009 Morgan st.

804 WASHINGTON AVE.
Centennial Dental Rooms is the place to get a reliable set of teeth for $7, and extracting free. Good fillings $1 50.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Household Furniture
WITHOUT REMOVAL.
C. F. BETTS, Notary Public,
208 N. Eighth st.



A. BANCHEREL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

THE best imperishable mixed paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Seminal and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know; patients everywhere.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Specific, privately, with entirely safe medicines.
Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency is the result of Self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, averson to society, offensive confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly call for this opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed, where done strictly according to directions. Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for 6 cts. Stamp; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both 2 Stamps.

MARRIAGE GUIDE 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.
Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. In postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry and why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first. Manhood. Womanhood. Physical decay. The cause of early and excess. How life and happiness may be increased. Who may not marry. It ought to be read by all adult persons. Then kept under lock and key. Popular edition, same, but paper cover, 200 pages, 25 cts. by mail. Address as above. "Whatever good article's name."

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of two special executions, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and being Nos. 62 and 63, respectively, to said term, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, is the Plaintiff in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, trustee of Ann K. Sanford and Addie M. Sanford Anna K. Sanford and Addie M. Sanford are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in survey 73 in Carondelet Common Fields, containing one and 70-100 acres, and bounded on the north by the line of said survey, on the east by the Shrugtown road, on the south by the real estate of one Harper, on the west by the real estate of one Stein.

And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said executions and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1880. 6N

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13th, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Robert Weisinger, trustee of Thomas F. Smith, and Thomas F. Smith.
[No. 1795.]

The Sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that the defendants herein cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the Court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of nine hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-two cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number 1—A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 419, 160 feet in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one De Menil, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Ferd. on the west by Eighth street.

Number 2—A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 420, 90 feet in front or width and 107 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by Grantlot street, on the east by Seventh street, on the south by real estate of one Holmes, on the west by that of one Goldsoll.

Being for the taxes due and unpaid for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 62J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Laura Benet and children and Stephen V. Benet.
[No. 1665.]

It appearing from the plaintiff's petition that the children of Laura Benet are interested in the real estate hereinafter described, as part owners thereof, and that whence came their title is unknown to it, as well as their names, and that all of said defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri, all duly verified by oath, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of eighty-one dollars and sixty-four cents, interest and costs, against the following described real estate owned by said defendants Laura Benet and children, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Cass avenue in city block 596, 50 feet in front or width and 133 feet 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the real estate of one Fattmann, on the south by Cass avenue, on the west by the real estate of one Frame.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said described real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the petition aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against them and this property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Att'y for Plaintiff. 54J

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Charles Bartmann, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

CHARLES BARTMANN,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 12th day of October, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1880.

MARY CLARA BARTMANN,
16 Executrix of Charles Bartmann, deceased.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

FRIEDRICH WILHELM SCHULZE,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next, 1880.

EMIL H. SCHULZE,
Administrator of the estate of Friedrich Wilhelm Schulze, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., October 14, 1880. 97F

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Charles Altenbernd, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

CHARLES ALTENBERND,

deceased, and that I did so on the 17th day of September, 1880, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office Northwest corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 30., 1880. 17F

ESTATE of Charles Hammer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

CHARLES HAMMER,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 8th day of October, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same for allowance to the undersigned, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1880.

HELEN BLUESTAR,
8N Administratrix.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

Herman Bauer and Charles Regel
vs.
Andrew Heussner.
[No. 1854.]
Attachment.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs, it is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of one thousand and sixty-two dollars and seventy-nine cents on account of flour sold and delivered by plaintiffs to defendant at his instance and request, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 14th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
2G

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Monday, October 4, 1880.

Mary W. Moore
vs.
Charles S. Moore.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of the plaintiff by her attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground of habitual drunkenness of defendant for the space of one whole year before the commencement of this suit, and for an order that plaintiff may retain the care and custody of the minor child of said plaintiff and defendant.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

A true copy from the record.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City St. Louis, this 4th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Edward P. Biddle and
Fanny D. Biddle.

It appearing from the affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant on the month of August, 1876, deserted plaintiff and ever since and for more than the space of one year has, without reasonable cause, absented herself from plaintiff.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

HOLMES & TALBOTT, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 100F

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13th, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Alexander B. Provines, trustee of Cornelia B. Provines, Cornelia B. Provines, Alexander B. Provines, Marcus De Forest, William A. Pye, trustee, John H. McCarthy, Ellsworth Babcock, trustee.
[No. 1817.]

The Sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that the defendants Alexander B. Provines, trustee of Cornelia B. Provines, Cornelia B. Provines, Alexander B. Provines and Marcus De Forest can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars and ninety-six cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on an alley in city block 1230, 50 feet in front or width and 109 feet 10 inches in length or depth; being lot 3 in block 2 in Bissell's second addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ferry street, in city block 1282 west, 50 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth; being lot 5 in block 7 in Bissell's second addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Main street, in city block 1233, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth; being the south half of lot 11 in block 8 in Bissell's second addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Ferry street, in city block 1234, 10 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth; being the east part of lot 4 in block 4 in Bissell's second addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Ferry street, in city block 1234, 50 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 5 in block 4 in Bissell's Second Addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Pleasant street, in city block 2428, 50 feet in front or width, and 155 feet in length or depth, being lot 40 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Pleasant street in city block 2428, 50 feet in front or width and 160 feet in length or depth, being lot 41 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Pleasant street, in city block 2428, in front or width 49 feet in the one part, and 89 feet in the other part, and in length or depth 160 feet in the one part and 173 feet 1 inch in the other part, being lot 42 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 9. Three lots of ground on Fifteenth street, in city block 2432, each 50 feet in front or width, and 117 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 1, 3 and 4 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 10. A lot of ground on Fairteenth street, in city block 2444, 50 feet in front or width and 130 feet in length or depth, being lot 28 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 11. A lot of ground on Thirteenth street, in city book 2444, 25 feet in front or width and 130 feet in length or depth, being the south half of lot 29 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 12. A lot of ground on Thirteenth street, in city block 2444, 50 feet in front or width and 130 feet in length or depth, being lot 30 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 13. A lot of ground on Belleview street, in city block 2449, in front or width 80 feet in the one part and 96 feet 11 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 32 feet 6 inches in the one part and 87 feet 2 inches in the other part, being lot 1 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 14. A lot of ground on Belleview street, in city block 2449, in front or width 50 feet in the one part and 60 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 87 feet 2 inches in the one part and 121 feet 3 inches in the other part, being lot 2, in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 15. A lot of ground on First street, in city block 2494, 50 feet in front or width and 140 feet 2 inches in length or depth being lot 9 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 16. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 2497 east, 25 feet in front or width, and 139 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 9 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Number 17. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 2497 east, in front or width 53 feet in the one part, and 41 feet 11 inches in the other part, and 139 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lot 10 in Bissell's Fourth Addition to said city.

Being for the back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, plaintiff's attorney. 84J

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
W. A. Harney, T. S. Harney,
[No. 1714.]

It appearing from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that the defendants W. A. Harney and T. S. Harney can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the ordinary process of law can not be served on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of sixty 84-100 dollars, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Monroe street, in city block 358, 20 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being part of lot 268 in block 71 in North St. Louis addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Pender, on the east by that of said defendants, on the south by Monroe street, on the west by Eleventh street.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Monroe street, in city block 353, 15 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being part of lot 268 in block 71 in North St. Louis addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Pender, on the east and west by that of said defendants, on the south by Monroe street.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 53J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Hiram W. Leffingwell et al.
[No. 1722.]

It appearing from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that defendants Wm. B. Swan, John Baker, Catharine V. Price, David L. Hammond, Chas. L. Hammond, Mary A. Washington, Edward P. Grimes, Sarah G. Hammond, Wm. T. Barsh, Samuel E. Hammond, Laura V. Brequet, Susan Brequet, Julia S. Kingman, Anna W. McKie, Emma W. Kingman, Mary A. Kingman, Charlotte A. Linstead, Jesse G. Linstead and George W. Jarvis, Jr., can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the ordinary process of law can not be served on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of one hundred and forty-four dollars and ninety-nine cents, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Baker avenue, in front or width 61¼ feet 8 inches in the one part and 587 feet in the other part, and in length or depth 450 feet 4½ inches in the one part and 450 feet in the other part, being the east part of lot 56 in Lindell's second addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Baker avenue, 13 feet in front or width and 450 feet in length or depth, being a part of lot 56 in Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Lindell avenue, on the east by the real estate of said Leffingwell, Swan and Geggie, on the south by Baker avenue, and on the west by the real estate of one Geggie and others.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

FORWARD TO 1884!

Never Despair of the American Republic.

Prospectus of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the sixth triumph of Radicalism the POST-DISPATCH recognizes the most serious menace to republican institutions that the country has ever known. The Secessionists, under the leadership of Jeff Davis in 1860, sought only to divide the Republic, but the so-called Republican party of to-day, under the control of Conkling, Grant, Logan et al., threatens to destroy it. A great step has been taken in the direction of Centralization. The Republican party, stands committed to the Money Power, to the vast Monopolies which foster class legislation and to every element opposed to the interests of the masses. Its compact organization, its late successful struggle in behalf of an unworthy standard-bearer, its sectionalism and its determination to treat as enemies of the country all advocates of a change of administration stamp it at once as a dangerous foe of Liberty. It is the party of Monarchical tendencies and its late triumph bodes no good to our institutions.

The POST-DISPATCH will maintain its position in the ranks of the Opposition. It proposes to battle more vigorously than ever against the party of Grantism and Centralization. This is no time to falter or grow weak. Cowards may skulk and some men who have suffered defeat year after year may lose faith and hope, but the duty of the true Patriot and lover of the Republic was never more clearly defined.

The POST-DISPATCH, while it acknowledges no fealty to men, will continue to preach sound, true Democratic doctrine and opposition to the pernicious tendencies of the Republican party. Its independence, its fearlessness and its honesty of purpose have been thoroughly well established. People who like a newspaper that has courage enough to point out the faults of its party associates and tell the truth though the heavens fall while battling for constitutional government, will never be disappointed in the POST-DISPATCH.

The great Conservative party of the country cannot be annihilated by defeat. The existence of such an organization is necessary to the welfare of the Republic. Garfieldism in 1880 means Grantism and the overthrow of our existing system in 1884. The battle against the Empire and the Oligarchy of wealth must be commenced now. In the front rank of this contest the POST-DISPATCH will be found. It promises not to give over until the principles of self-government are vindicated. The POST-DISPATCH is now acknowledged to be

THE LEADING AFTERNOON JOURNAL OF THE WEST.

Its growth has been steady and legitimate. Its position is assured. Both its circulation and its revenue doubled during the last year. With increased strength its facilities will be increased, and the next year will witness great improvements in its methods and its aims. With the new year its news resources will be greatly strengthened. Its Telegraphic service will be enlarged, its corps of correspondents will be doubled, its mechanical capacity will be improved and every effort that experience can direct or money employ will be made to keep the daily POST-DISPATCH in the front rank of modern American journals.

The Weekly Post-Dispatch.

is known and read in nearly every State of the Union. It is a handsome eight-page paper, filled with matter carefully prepared, sorted and arranged for the people of the West and South. Its Correspondence, its Stories, its Miscellany, its Editorials, its Agricultural Essays, its news and its Market reports are features commending it to all persons who are unable, by reason of location or condition, to subscribe for an expensive daily paper. It is a complete epitome of the world's doings from week to week, and we have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the best and cheapest newspaper in the land. It should have a place in every workshop and rural home in Missouri and the Southwest.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week	20 cents.
Daily, per month	85 cents.
Daily, three months	$2 50
Daily, six months	4 50
Daily, per year	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS, $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

POST-DISPATCH,
No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC—John McCullough.
POPE'S—Hop-Scotch Combination.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Willie Edouin's Sparks.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Performance.

AFTER all Indiana's plurality for Garfield is only 7,000.

WHO shall be United States Senator in place of Cockrell?

NOW that the election excitement is over Mr. John Kelly and James Gordon Bennett can proceed with their little discussion. They ought to be able to secure the ear of the country.

EVEN Cincinnati cast 10,000 votes more than St. Louis.

THE Solid South now-a-days seems to be a misprint for the Swallowed South.

THE returns from California are conflicting. Both parties claim the State.

THEY can't do it again four years hence. That seems to be the settled belief now.

WE would really like to know whether Mr. Morey, of Lynn, Mass., died in vain.

LOUISIANA Republicans voted tickets last Tuesday headed with Grant's name. They knew what they were doing.

THE Republicans will probably have a majority of a few votes in the House of Representatives—just enough to elect their Speaker and control the committees.

THE Radical organ at the corner of Fourth and Pine admits this morning that Gen. Hancock is a good man. We would like to say as much for Garfield, but until the records are amended we won't do it.

THE New York *Sun* remarks that Oakes Ames is dead, and that Mr. Garfield, as President, will not be able to have any dickerings with him. True, but Dick Parsons is still in the flesh, and the De Golyer paving patent hasn't expired yet.

MISSOURI.

Returns are sufficient to establish the complexion of the next Congressional delegation beyond dispute.

The Democrats have lost four seats in addition to the St. Joseph District, which is already represented by a Greenbacker.

Van Horn is elected by a decided plurality over both Crisp and Allen, who divided the Democratic vote about equally.

Mansur is defeated in the Tenth District by less than 100 votes.

Craig is defeated by about 100 votes.

Phillips is defeated by about 400 votes.

Waddill, in the Springfield district, is defeated by about 600 votes.

The Democrats will only have eight out of the thirteen members of Congress from this State.

TRUTH VS. TWADDLE.

Every falsehood has a better chance to obtain credence and large circulation than the truth. It is one of the popular, commonplace errors to suppose that truth is bound to prevail. We know how ready people are in private life to believe the tongue of gossip, scandal or malice. It is worse in our public life, where so large and powerful a share of the men and machinery for the dissemination and manufacture of political opinions is Republican.

The so-called solid South has *not* defeated Hancock, nor created a solid North, no matter how many thousand twaddlers should, parrot-like, repeat the cry that the "solid South made a solid North."

When the returns are all in it will be found that Hancock received nearly *four millions of votes in the North*, and that a change of 4,000 out of over 400,000 votes would have given him Indiana in spite of English, Landers and other follies, and a change of 10,000 votes would have given him the electoral vote in New York, even in the face of the defeat in Indiana.

Even such New England States as Connecticut and New Hampshire the Democrats came very near carrying. The returns show that the total Republican majority in Connecticut is less than 2,500.

Had Indiana gone Democratic in October Hancock would have carried every one of the close States in November.

Now, who is there so stupid not to see that Indiana was not lost on account of the solid South, but on account of most serious Democratic blunders, on account of the proven personal unpopularity of English and Landers, and on account of the extraordinary concentration of all the Republican forces, their unequaled genius in creating a false alarm on the tariff and their unprecedented use of money?

The South may have faults, and Southern leaders doubtless sometimes say very foolish things, but nevertheless it is untrue to say that the South defeated Hancock. It is worse than untrue; it is ungenerous and unkind in the face of her 138 electoral votes that will be cast for General Hancock.

If a scapegoat must be found people can find him in Indiana. We have the assurance of the best Republican authority that, had either Hendricks or McDonald been put up for the second place, the Republicans would have made no serious contest for the State at all.

Hancock and Hendricks would have sounded much better in Indiana than Hancock and English. It is not pleasant to criticise one's own party, but it is unpleasant, too, to hear false statements, and self-examination and self-criticism are necessary to self-correction.

The Democracy is still the majority party in this country. It does not need honesty, or principles, or votes, or a just cause. It has plenty of all that. But it does need brains. It needs above all great leaders. It is strong enough to stand the truth in any event, be it ever so unpleasant.

THIS is the second and last week of the successful engagement of Mr. John McCullough at the Olympic Theater. Mr. McCullough purposes visiting England in April, and will play for a considerable season at Drury Lane Theater, London. It may be a long time before we see his classic face and feel his majestic presence on our local boards. Certainly we will never have an opportunity of seeing the grand creations of Shakspeare so evenly presented, for it is only once in a lifetime that a star is able to surround himself with such a talented organization as that now supporting Mr. McCullough at the Olympic. To-night Mr. McCullough appears as Virginius, one of his most finished roles. Artistically it may be said to be, next to Othello, his masterpiece. Now that the election excitement is over the play-goers of St. Louis should renew their evidences of appreciation of the tragedian and man.

THE Democrats will not have more than eight of the thirteen members of Congress from this State. The four members who were elected as Greenbackers by Democratic votes will act with the Republican party on all party questions. They are and always have been Republicans, and simply used the Greenback movement to get a lot of Democratic fools to vote for them.

LET nobody forget that John W. Forney, Daniel E. Sickles and Daniel Butterfield have joined the Democratic party for good. Don't let them sneak back.—[N. Y. Tribune.

This is very cruel on the part of Mr. Whitelaw Reid, who, if we remember aright, joined the Democratic party in 1872 and afterward crawled back into the Republican household through a hole under the back gate.

JUDGING from the tone of the Radical press, the insatiable Moloch of Republicanism will not be satisfied until Gen. Hancock is cashiered and dismissed from the army. The General has a couple of farms here in Missouri, and if the worst comes to the worst he can come here and tend his flocks amid peace and content.

MISSOURI has reduced her Democratic majority nearly twenty-five per cent in order to accommodate the Republican emigrants who are anxious to locate here. Now let the Republicans of Iowa follow suit. How do they expect any honest Democrat to buy land in that State so long as they roll up a majority of 80,000.

MAJOR JOHN EDWARDS, of the Sedalia *Democrat*, has re-enlisted for four years, and is awakening Fontarabian echoes in Central Missouri with his Jacksonian key bugle. It makes us feel like rallying again to hear the Major's hopeful, clarion notes.

THE rabid Chicago *Journal* expended itself yesterday in abusing and denouncing the corrupt, dishonest, bankrupt, worthless State of California. Now that the returns indicate that the State is still Republican, we shall expect the *Journal* to withdraw it's offensive remarks.

CHICAGO is rejoiced to think that she polled more votes for Garfield alone last Tuesday than were cast in St. Louis for Garfield, Hancock and Weaver combined. It appears that our voters take very little interest in politics.

THE *Westliche Post* (circulation about 8,000), and the *Anzeiger* (circulation about 3,000), both agree that in Col. Phillips the Democrats lose their ablest member of Congress.

Only For Babies.

From the Courier-Journal.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says the children cry for Grantism. Yes; no men want any in theirs. True Americans will have no paternal Government, treating the American people as if they were babies. Only babies want Grantism.

Still Hopeful.

From the New York Sun.

It is a disgrace and a calamity. But shall we therefore despair of the Republic? God forbid! The Republic will live and flourish long after the Imperialists who are now plotting its overthrow shall have become dust and ashes.

Definitely Settled.

From the Chicago Times.

New Jersey, which has been regarded hitherto as a foreign country, is now definitely annexed to the Solid South.

An Old Man's Fancy.

From the New York Sun.

The Hon. Marshall Jewell will probably go to his grave believing that he did it.

THE CHINESE LETTER.

Continuation of the Trial of Kenward Philp To-Day.

American Union Special.

NEW YORK, November 5.—At 1:05 the Philp trial was resumed. D. M. Carvalho, an expert in writing, said, on cross-examination, that he thought the Morey letter was written in a natural hand. He thought the Morey and Jewell letter were by the same person. Was not acquainted with Gen. Garfield's handwriting. Believed the Morey letter was written previous to the Jewell letter. At this stage Howe asked for a continuance until Monday on account of the sickness of a witness. He said he would make affidavit to the same. The Court allowed thirty minutes to do so. Ames, recalled by the prosecution, stated the average slope of the Morey letter differs from the average slope of the Jewell letter seven degrees. Howe asked if the position of the writer or paper would make a difference. Witness said he could not answer definitely. W. H. Waring, of Brooklyn, called by the prosecution. Have been acquainted with James McDermott several years; believe his character good. Thomas Dwyer, of Brooklyn, testifies: Have known James McDermott ten or twelve years. Character good as far as he knew. McDermott, who was sitting in the court, jumped up and exclaimed: "Is there any man in Brooklyn who bears a better character than I do, Mr. Dwyer?" [Great Laughter.] Court then adjourned till 10:30 Tuesday.

THREE PERSONS KILLED.

Railroad Accident Caused by a Switchman's Mistake.

NEW YORK, November 5.—This morning the freight train on the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad had taken the side track at Pennhorn Creek to allow the passenger train of the N. Y. and N. J. Railroad to pass into the tunnel. The switchman, it is alleged, omitted to close the switch, and the passenger train crashed into the caboose of the freight train, killing David Quackenbush, engineer of the passenger train, the freight train conductor, and Garrett Voorhees, fireman of the passenger train. No passengers were hurt. Chas. Bogert, the switchman, has fled.

LATER DETAILS.

The engine of the passenger train was scattered in various directions, portions lying in the swamp twelve feet from the track. The freight cars were broken and lying in every direction. The passengers were thrown from the seats and fell amid broken glass and seats of the cars. Mr. Blair, of Hackensack, was badly hurt. A lady from Woodside fainted. Two of the passenger cars were thrown from the track but remained upright. The morning was dark and foggy and no signals displayed.

Conductor Hoare of the passenger train was severely shaken and received a cut on his ear and had his hand badly bruised. He was knocked from his feet. Portions of the caboose of the freight train caught fire after the accident and blazed away for some time. The engineer and brakeman killed were shockingly mangled.

NEW YORK NOTES.

Chinese Labor—Conkling, and Other Items.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The Graphic says: It was reported in Wall street this morning that a dozen or more of the leading bankers, who hold or expect to be able to obtain the remaining outstanding six per cents of 1880, propose to offer the same to the Secretary of the Treasury at their actual value for the purpose of maintaining an easy money market until the new year.

SEAT IN THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

A seat in the Stock Exchange has just been sold for $20,000.

CHINESE LABORS

The Barbour Flax Spinning Company of Paterson, N. J., have set half a dozen Chinamen to work in one of their departments to the great indignation of the white men employed. The firm say they are set at work which white men will not do. The employes tell a different story and have an idea that is the commencement of the general employment of Chinese labor. It is reported several silk manufacturers are contemplating the introduction of Chinese labor.

CONKLING AND CORNELL.

Governor Cornell and Senator Conkling were in conference to-day. The Senator in response to a request for an interview said he was engaged with the Governor, and so busy he could not see any callers. It was surmised that the patronage under the new administration was being considered. It is generally believed that Senator Conkling will have some control of the Custom-house, and that besides removing Collector Merritt he will make many other changes.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—For Ohio Valley and Tennessee, clearing weather, preceded by occasional light rains, winds shifting to colder northwesterly, with rising barometer. For Lower Lake Region, partly cloudy weather, with occasional light rain, stationary or higher barometer, winds veering by Saturday morning to colder westerly. For Upper Lake Region, clearing weather, possibly preceded by occasional rain in southwestern portion, colder westerly winds, higher barometer. For Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, clear or partly cloudy weather, northwest to southwest winds in the first district, higher barometer, stationary or lower temperature in latter, stationary or higher temperature and barometer. Ohio will remain nearly stationary from Pittsburg to Marietta, and will rise below the latter station. Cautionary signals continue at Oswego, Section 6, Rochester, Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, Section 5, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Section 4, Port Huron, Alpena, Mackinaw City, Grand Haven, Chicago, Milwaukee, Section 1, Escanaba, Marquette, Duluth and Houghton.

A Specimen Steamer.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—A correspondent says of the United States steamer Yantic, of the squadron now in Hampton Roads, perhaps the latest put afloat by the Navy Department. She is a small corvette capable of steaming eight or nine knots under the most favorable circumstances, armed with old-fashioned smooth bore guns, with one muzzle-loading rifle of no formidable dimensions. She displays not one feature suggesting an advance in any quality possessed by the steam gunboats that thronged this harbor twenty years ago.

The Purchase of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—Secretary Sherman says for the past two months the purchase of sixes of 1880 has been preferred by the Department, but the price demanded by the holders has run up to the full amount of the bonds, including interest when due. The Secretary has instructed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to receive offers of sixes of 1880 on each Wednesday as heretotore, the offers to be strictly confined to bonds of that class, and has authorized him to purchase during the present week those bonds to an amount not exceeding $1,500,000 at 102.75.

Railroad Collision.

CINCINNATI, November 5.—Two freight trains run together on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, near Moonville, on the eastern end of the road, yesterday. Engineer Frank Lawhead and fireman, Chas. Krick, were killed and six of the crew wounded—none fatally. The cause of the collision is said to be the failure of the train despatcher to notify the eastbound train of an order to the west-bound train to run on its time.

Executed To-Day.

LOUISA COURT-HOUSE, VA., November 6.—The execution of A. Albert Mitchell, colored, for the murder of Charles K. Walton, white, in March, 1879, took place here to-day in the jail yard in the presence of the court officers and a few other spectators. There was only a small gathering of people outside the jail enclosure.

A Lunatic Claimant for the Presidency.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—Every four years a lunatic turns up here claiming to be President and troubling the occupants of the White House with demands to be admitted. John Geary is the latest. He said the Republicans had made his name Garfield, and he was here with 50,000 soldiers to take his seat.

Searching for the Alpena.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Two tugs that went out to make a sweep for the lost Alpena have returned with no tidings of the vessel. Over seven miles of the lake were swept, the average depth of water being twenty fathoms. The only thing found was a life-preserver.

The Sunken Steamers.

MEMPHIS, November 5.—Latest advices from the sunken steamers Ouachita Belle and Robt. Mitchell report the former as breaking all to pieces, and will be a total loss. The Mitchell's stern is sinking, and it is feared she will break into pieces.

Missionary Work.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The general committee of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church to-day appropriated $26,000 for missions in Mexico, in addition of $14,614; $30,000 were appropriated also for the Japanese missions.

Stamped to Death.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, GA., November 5.—John Pride knocked Wm. Ingram down, and then, jumping on his body, literally stamped him to death.

A Life of Shame.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Agnes Conkling, nineteen years old, a girl of respectable parents in Dubuque, Iowa, was arrested in this city for her determination to lead a life of shame.

The English Market.

Special to Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 5.—The Manchester Guardian in its commercial article this morning says: "Our market is flat and transactions few and small. There is, however, no further giving way in prices.

Producers hope that by maintaining the present range here while the downward movement in cotton continues they may at length secure a profitable margin, which they have hitherto vainly sought by endeavors to establish higher in this market."

The Warren Inquiry.

NEW YORK, November 5.—In the Warren Court of Inquiry to-day Capt. Melicher testified: He met Col. Locke after the battle and they went to Gen. Sheridan. Locke said: "Gen. Warren sends his complainants and says we have carried the enemy's works and are in full pursuit." Gen. Sheridan replied, "All I have to say is Gen. Warren was not at the front, where he belonged."

Killed for Hurrahing for Jeff. Davis.

MADISON, Ind., November 5.—George Glass was shot dead last night by George Watson or Fred. French. It is alleged that Glass hurrahed for Jeff. Davis, and in the altercation which followed Glass shot Watson in the leg, and it is supposed Watson returned the fire, killing Glass.

Missing.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Samuel Lawton, Township Collector of Delevan, Ill., is missing. It is alleged that a shortage of $8,000 in his accounts is the cause. When last seen he was at Peoria purchasing a ticket West. He is highly connected.

Held in Bail.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Alderman Jeremiah Murphy, charged with assaulting a special marshal on election day, has been held in $5,000 bail. The alderman claims he did not know the man was a marshal.

A New Opera-House.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—A move is again on foot with prospects of success for building a new opera-house in this city.

Ecclesiastical Installation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Bishop P. A. Feban, appointed Archbishop of the diocese of Chicago by Pope Leo, will arrive in this city on the 20th and will be installed on the 21st. It will be the great ecclesiastical event of the city.

CHANGING THE GRADES.

How the Elevators are Preparing for the New Standard.

The rumor has been current upon 'Change for some time past that the elevators are quietly buying up all the No. 3 wheat in the market for the purpose of changing the No. 2 wheat which they now have in store to the new No. 2, which will be the rule after the first of January. It is said that each elevator has been buying through a broker very large quantities of grain for this purpose and that there will be difficulty in the way of changing grades because one of the rules of the Exchange provides that grain shall not be mixed in elevator. To discover the real state of affairs a reporter this morning interviewed a number of grain men and discovered the facts to be these: There will be on the 1st of January about 2,000,000 bushels of grain in the elevators; there is now about 1,750,000, of which 1,000,000 is the old No. 2. The elevators, by mixing this with an equal quantity of the old No. 3, will produce the new No. 2, which is half a grade lower than the old. The rule which directs that no mixing shall be done in the elevators, it is held, has been practically abrogated by the change of grade, which can only be effected by mixing. A man can take his grain out of the elevator, mix it, and send it back and it is all right. Why then, it is argued, should not this expensive and roundabout process be simplified and cheapened by permitting the mixture to be made in the elevator? The sentiments of all the merchants interviewed was that if the elevators wanted to mix the grain and lower it to the new grade the Exchange rule could not stop them. Some went further and thought it would be a good thing if the elevators would make the change, as in that case, all the trouble of altering from the old to the new would be obviated. Unless some wholesale change is made at the beginning of the year, St. Louis, they say, will be afflicted with a double grade for some time to come. January option on the new No. 2 is to-day $1 06¾; December on the old No. 2 is $1 04¾, a difference of over 2 cents. The difference is really over three cents, all things considered, and leaving two cents as the cost of carrying, this makes the new one cent lower than the old.

The elevators will realize very handsomely out of the change, even if the new grade is cheaper than the old. Taking yesterday's figures, No. 3 wheat sold for 95¾ and No. 2 $1 02. The grain must be mixed in equal proportions and hence two bushels of the new will be worth $1 97¾ and one bushel 98¾; adding to this 3 cents for carrying, 2 cents for interest and ¾ of a cent for insurance would make a total present value of $1 04¾; subtracting this from the present cost, $1 07, the elevators will make 2¼ cents on every bushel they buy and handle at yesterday's rates. This fluctuates, of course, with each days' quotations. The very evident profit is exciting a great deal of buying and there is no doubt that all of the elevators will clear very handsome sums upon the transaction. It has excited some surprise among those who opposed the change of grades that the new No. 2 has not fallen in price more than it has done. A difference of a cent a bushel is much less than they anticipated.

U. S. COURT.

The Grand Jury Impaneled—Judge Treat's Charge on Various Topics.

In the United States District Court to-day Judge Treat impaneled the grand jury as follows: Peter L. Foy, as foreman; Joseph I. Nanson, city; Peter L. Foy, city; Henry Lewis, Knox county, John K. Cummings, city; Shapleigh Walfolk, Lincoln county; Delos R. Haynes, city; Edward C. Callahan, city; J. C. S. Thomas, Marion county; Joseph M. Gentry, Ralls county; Thomas K. Collins, Marion county; William Parks, Lewis county; Walter S. Bryan, Pike county; George Loomis, Washington county; Augustus B. Ewing, city; John H. Young, Wayne county; J. W. Wilkinson, Iron county; Henry C. Yaeger, city; Charles F. Herman, city; R. R. Hutchinson, city.

The Judge's charge to the jury was very lengthy and complete, nearly every offense in the calendar being considered and commented upon. He dwelt at considerable length upon counterfeiting, and placed much stress on his remarks bearing upon violations of the revenue laws. The presence of several United States detectives and special agents in the court-room indicated that something is on foot, and that they have good reason to believe counterfeiting is being done in the district. There appears, according to the Judge's charge, very little doubt that the revenue laws are being transgressed and that illicit distilling is being carried on in the State. A very important portion of his remarks related to Federal election laws, and the fact that the District Attorney submitted this point to his order is strong evidence that some arrests will be made on this score. At present there is nothing which can be positively ascertained, but that the United States officials believe the election laws were violated and that they will endeavor to bring the offenders before the tribunal are two things quite certain, and are not denied by the officers. Beyond the possibilities, or rather probabilities, in this respect, the charge did not indicate anything unusual or of special public interest and importance. There were four informations filed to-day, and it is believed that one or two of them are connected with the recent election. No arrests have yet been made, and consequently the names of the accused are not given.

THE BROWN INQUEST.

Evidence Elicited by the Coroner To Day.

Lee Schreiner was the first witness examined to-day in the inquest on the body of Charles Brown, the negro who was killed during the riot at Lucas Market last Saturday night. "After I heard the first shot the crowd made a rush for the saloon on the northeast corner of Twelfth and Locust streets. I saw Officer Daily shoot up in the air twice and then run down Locust street. I saw seven men standing in front of the saloon and then heard the fourth shot, and as I looked between the men standing in front of me I saw the deceased fall. An officer stepped up to Brown and looked at him."

John Weightman, a spectator, was next sworn and testified as follows: I was at the speakers' stand with Pete and Jim Burns. When we were going through the crowd some German man who had a torch across his shoulder happened to turn around and struck a colored man on the shoulders. The colored man then ran after the white man, who ran in the crowd. Thereupon John McGinnis, a colored man, came to me and put his revolver to my breast. Some white man knocked it away from my breast, and I threw up my left hand and the bullet went through it. I don't know who the first party was that hollooed for Hancock. Jim Burns was the second man that hurrahed for Hancock, but I did not see him strike any one, nor did I see any one strike him. I had no revolver, neither do I know that my partner had any. Recess was taken at the conclusion of this testimony.

A TIMES CRISIS.

Hard Times, Great Tribulations Gathering Around "Our Esteemed Contemporary."

The St. Louis Times has just passed through another crisis, or rather is just now in the transition state between two crises. Yesterday the city editor, Mr. Stevens, timed his assignments to the local staff so that they would be all gathered together at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. A little before then the boys came in and sat around waiting for new worlds to conquer. The rumor soon spread that Mr. Cundiff and Mr. Chambers had had a row and that the partnership heretofore existing would be dissolved. This furnished food for thought for some time, but when it was supplemented by the information that the paper would not be issued to-day, a cerulean shade overspread every countenance present. The printers were informed by the foreman of the composing room that the paper was dead, and that no type-setting would be done last night, and for a while it appeared that the Times had added another wreck to the sands of time. It has been drifting towards a ice shore for some months, and the prediction has been freely made upon the streets that it would not last a week past the election. So sudden a collapse was entirely unexpected, however, and when the news first spread there was a genuine feeling of regret that its hour had come. People in a measure had got used to the Times, and through all its trials and tribulations it has had an audience which wanted to hear from it. When it was said that its voice was hushed it had the effect on a great many that the removal of a favorite corn would have. It worried them while it was there, but its absence was more worrisome still. It was arranged last night that the Republican would get out an annex to be called the Times, to keep its franchise alive, and to fill out its advertising contracts until it could be sold. The various men at work on the paper were all advised of the state of affairs, and rules and Faber No. 2's went into winter quarters for the time being. In the meantime, however, there was another conference between Mr. Cundiff and Mr. Cambers, and a hurried trip of the first named gentleman down to the Republican office was followed by the dissolution of the contract. As soon as possible the reporters and printers were gathered in, the Fabers and the rules were fished out of their receptacles and brain began to distil once more in the sanctum. The POST-DISPATCH was called into steady requisition, and with a heavy waste of gray matter and shearing the paper was got out on time after all.

This morning Mr. Chambers and Mr. Cundiff were in secret session and declined to be interviewed upon the situation. The only expression they would make was that everything was all right, and that the paper would appear as usual. It was booming, they said.

There was also a rumor upon the streets that the paper would be sold upon the 15th or 22d of the current month, but inquiry proved these reports incorrect. The original mortgage provides that a notice of ninety days must be given before the sale can be effected, and both of the owners of the Times say that no sale is at all contemplated. The mortgages are in their original shape. All of the debts of the paper were extinguished when Mr. Chambers became proprietor and his notes for $50,000 given secured by mortgage on the paper. Of this Mr. Solon Humphreys owns $27,000; the National Bank of the State of Missouri $13,000; the Mantin Bank $5,200; Mrs. Ewing $4,800. This is every cent which the paper owes. Mr. Chambers represents the Humphreys interest, and Col. Cundiff is a partner with him on the basis that the paper is worth $100,000, and that each owns $50,000.

Second District Police Court.

But eleven prisoners were arraigned before Judge Denison in the Second District Police Court to-day. The charges made against them were of a trivial character and three were discharged and two continued. For disturbing the peace Louisa Cook, alias Washington, Geo. Jackson and Sam Lindsey were each assessed $5. Mary Burns, Mary McCarthy and Mary J. Bedford for being drunk on the streets each paid the Court $3.

A Vicious Act.

Late last evening some person who was viciously inclined entered the stable of William Boyce, as is supposed, through a window which had been left open. The marauder cut Mr. Boyce's horse in such a manner as to render him hereafter entirely useless. The police were notified of this dastardly crime and it would go hard with the scoundrel if he were caught.

Sanders, the Murderer.

Officer Jones, who left for Santa Fe, New Mexico, a few days ago, to positively identify Charles Sanders, the murderer of Officer Printz, will reach that place to-night and will at once telegraph the result. He has been furnished with all the requisite papers and a stout pair of irons, and will soon have Sanders caged at the Four Courts.

Harris' Majority for Circuit Attorney.

Samuel Erskine declined a recount of the votes between himself and Joseph Harris for Circuit Attorney this morning, thus admitting his defeat. A careful and verified footing of the returns shows Harris' majority to be 118.

BELLEVILLE.

The City Council will hold their next regular meeting on Monday, November 8th.

M. Raab, the secretary of the Belleville Ladies' Association, issued orders that all the members attend the meeting, held at the kindergarten last night.

John Heineman is a man against whom complaint was made for wilfully and unlawfully voting. Heineman is occupying quarters in the station and will have to stand a trial.

Charles Born, the City Marshal, has of late been acting in such a manner as to render himself peculiarly obnoxious to some of the residents of Belleville. The case which has this morning displeased the police clearly shows that Born, as City Marshal, has overstepped the bounds of his authority. The particulars are as follows: Ernest Schniele appeared before Justice R. H. Challenor and swore out a warrant against one Joseph McLenard, charging him with willfully and unlawfully casting a vote which he had no power to cast. The summons was placed in the hands of John H. Siefert, the Constable, and McLenard was accordingly lodged in jail. Before the time set for hearing the case Born released McLenard from custody. The question which is at present most perplexing the minds of the Justices, Constables and police is from what source Charles Born, as City Marshal, derives his authority to release criminals against whom there is a clear case?

ABOUT TOWN.

ON Monday night next the National Guards hold their regular annual meeting.

A COMPANY of soldiers from Jefferson Barracks left the Union Depot to-day for Omaha.

COMPANY K, of the St. Louis National Guards, will hold a special meeting at the Armory to-night to elect a Second Lieutenant.

CAPT. FOX reports Mrs. Harriet Helderfeld, a widow with two small children, in very destitute circumstances, at No. 3335 Gilford street.

THE No. 2 extra passenger on the Vandalia and the Indianapolis and St. Louis morning trains was two hours late in arriving at the Union Depot this morning.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. Bermandy, clerk in the office of the Superintendent of the Public Schools, has been granted a month's leave of absence, and by the advice of her physician has gone to New Orleans to recuperate, as her health is anything but good.

W. C. LITTLE. G. E. WEEKS.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

Dealers in

U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bayds,
And securities of every description.

Public sales made on 'Change.

Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Banking business in the aggregate was fair to good. Money was plenty and enough to meet all borrowers' wants, but as the demand was good, discount rates were firm at eight per cent on time, and seven per cent on call loans, although some parties were accommodated on first-class paper at slightly lower rates. Shipments of currency to the country were liberal. New York exchange was in better request and sales were made at $1 25 discount per $1,000.

ROBERT E. A. DAUN, foreign Exchange, 104 N. Third street, reports: November 5 —Prime bankers' sterling, 481¼@483¼; commercial 60-days, sterling, 479¾@480; do demand sterling, 481¾@482½; do 60-days francs, 528¾@527½; do demand, do. 527½@525½; do 60-days reichs marks, 93⅛@93⅜; do demand do 93⅝@92⅞; do 60-days guilders and florins, 39⅝@39⅞. Market quiet.

The following quotations are furnished the POST-DISPATCH by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask'd
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	104	105
Cy 6's	1895-'99	Jan. & July	124	128
New 5's	1881	M. A. S. & F.	101¼	102½
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	120¼	111
4 per cent bonds.	1907	J. A. J. & O.	104	104¾

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1892-'94	Various.	119	112
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	112	114
City 6's, Cy	1886-'87	Various.	106	108
City water b's	1887	June & Dec. 28	107½	.....
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec. 28	109½	111
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	110	112
City 5's, gold	1900	Apr. & Oct.	105½	106¾
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	110	111
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	112	.....
County 7's cy	1885	Jan. & July	108	110

*Interest to seller.

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	103	104
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	107	109
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108½	109½
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	.....	.....
Mo. 5-20s of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	102¾	103
Mo. 5-20s of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	103¼	104¼

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	108	109
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	113	.....
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	121	122½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	119	120
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	120	122
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & Nov.	110	111
K. P. Consol's	1919	May & Nov.	97	98
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	117	118

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$184	.....
Land warrants, 120 acres	135	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres	91	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres	44	.....

Clearings to-day	$ 5,421,248
Balances	250,803

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Money easy at 2½@3½. Sterling steady at 81¼@83¼. Bar silver at 1 12⅛. Government is quiet and firm. Railroad bonds fairly active and generally firm. State securities dull and nominal. Stocks weak and ¼ to 2 per cent lower. Quotations:

Rock Island	120¾	A. & T. H. pfd	29½
Panama	195		100
Fort Wayne	124½	W., St. L. & Pac. inc. pfd	42½
Pittsburg	129½		76
Illinois Central	116	Hannibal & St. Joseph	40½
C., B. & Q.	140½	pfd	87
pfd		Iron Mountain	47½
Chicago & Alton	135	St. L. & San Fran.	89½
Chicago & Alton pfd	137	pfd.	51½
N. Y. Central	136	first pfd.	77½
Harlem	196	C., St. L. & N. O.	40
Lake Shore	114	Kansas & Texas	31½
Canada Southern	65½	Union Pacific	92½
Michigan Central	108½	pfd	
Erie	43½	Central Pacific	83½
Erie, preferred	73½	Kansas Pacific	51½
Northwestern	112½	Northern Pacific	20
Northwestern, pfd	134	Northern Pacific, pfd	72
St. Paul	103	Louisville & Nash'lle	168
St. Paul, pfd	118	Nashville & Chat	58½
St. Paul & Minnesota	.....	L. & N. A.	100
St. Paul & Sioux City	.....	Houston & Tex	72
St. P. & S. C. pfd	.....	Denver & R. Grande	73½
Del. & Lack	97½	St. Paul & Omaha	43½
Morris & Essex	117½	pfd	93
Del. & Hudson	89½	Boston Air Line, pfd	....
N. J. Central	75½	Oregon Navigation	....
Reading	46	Montauk Coal	....
Ohio	35¾	Pittsburg, T. and B.	34
Ohio, preferred	79½	Memphis & C.	39½
Chesapeake & Ohio	19½	Western Union	97½
first pfd	25½	A. & P. Telegraph	39½
second pfd	19½	Pacific Mail	46½
Mobile & Ohio	22½	Little Pittsburg	....
Cleveland & Col	80¾	Adams	118
C., C. & I. C	18½	Fargo	113
Ohio Central	25½	American	63
Erie & Western	82	United States	....
Peoria, D. and E	26	Canton	....
Ind., B. and W	37	Boston Water Power	....
Ont. & Western	....	Boston Land	....
Mar. and Cin	....	Canton	....
1st pfd	7	Consol. Coal	....
2d pfd	4	Quicksilver	12
B., C. B. & N	67	pref	50

*Bid †Offered.

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts. Wheat	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn
St. Louis	57,243	54,170	75,642	53,665
Chicago	204,960	270,178	77,172	482,729
Milwaukee	49,525	6,420	30,770	1,270
Baltimore	.....	.....	.....	21,000
Toledo	82,000	45,000	66,000	.....
New York	94,000	86,000	.....	.....

Chicago Inspections—404 cars wheat; 360 cars corn; 66 cars oats; 9 cars rye; 18 cars barley.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-day.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Le & V	23,488	416,048	106,175	35,367	13,585
Central	812,233	20,819	19,769	6,410	35,808
Advance	105,452	43,062	12,778	.....	.....
Total	1,741,153	479,960	130,022	41,777	49,393
Yes'day	1,737,491	508,763	128,511	44,157	48,699

***"A" and "B" and Warehouse.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R. R.	River	Total.
Wheat	14,768	18,803	42,510	75,581
Corn	7,583	1,312	53,578	62,423
Oats	5,126	1,761	.....	6,380
Rye	430	1,950	.....	2,380
Barley	1,297	.....	.....	1,297

Grain on Passage.

The following shows the amount of flour, wheat and corn on passage for ports of call and direct ports in the United Kingdom, dates given:

	Oct. 30, 1880.	Oct. 23, 1880.	Nov. 25, 1879.
Flour and wheat qrs	1,900,000	1,825,000	2,557,000
Corn, qrs	570,000	580,000	479,000

Visible Supply of Grain.

	Oct. 30, 1880.	Oct. 23, 1880.	Nov. 1, 1879.
Wheat, bu	19,118,000	17,480,091	28,822,649
Corn, bu	19,364,007	19,338,286	11,615,264
Oats, bu	5,053,000	4,799,002	3,358,057
Rye, bu	888,000	865,773	967,513
Barley, bu	2,616,000	2,479,900	4,360,004

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—1 car rejected spring, 10 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 12 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 47 cars No. 2 red winter, 39 cars No. 3 red winter, 17 cars No. 4 winter, 9 cars rejected winter. Total—135 cars.

Corn—20 cars No. 2 white mixed, 4 cars rejected white mixed, 66 cars No. 2 mixed, 14 cars rejected. Total—104 cars.

Oats—8 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected. Total—9 cars.

Barley—1 car rejected spring. Total—1 car.

Rye—1 car No. 2. Total—1 car.

Total—250 cars.

On 'Change.

Beerbohm—Wheat quiet; California, 1d higher; cargoes 3d to 9d lower.

Winter storage rates go into effect in Chicago on November 15. The rates will be 1½c per bushel for the first ten days or part thereof, and 1½c per bushel for each subsequent ten days, until 4c per bushel has accumulated; when the grain is carried free until April 1, 1881. So far as can be learned, there will be no winter storage rates given by St. Louis elevators. The expectation is that the river will be open most of the winter and these reduced rates will not be necessary.

It seems very probable that rail rates on grain to the East will be advanced November 15. At least most railroad agents are of this opinion.

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour—A "stunned" market. Dull and easier, but quotably unchanged. Little disposition shown to operate. We quote: Fancy $5 25@5 60; choice $4 95@5 15; family $4 70@4 85; xxx $4 25@4 50; xx $3 60@3 85; x $3 30@3 45; superfine $3 10@3 25; fine $2 60@2 85.

Wheat—Another unsettled market, opening firmer and then declining, under unfavorable advices, only to rally and advance later on, closing strong. To-day there was a fair movement, and sales rectified and steadily made. No. 2 red selling for export and to speculators at $1 01¼ to $1 01⅝, No. 3 red for milling and export at 94¾@94⅞ this and 95 East side, No. 4 at 89¾@90 this, 90¾ East side, and rejected at 85¾ this side for shipment; No. 2 Mediterranean taken on orders at 99@99½ and No. 3 do for grinding at 95@95¼. Although the range was small, prices of futures fluctuated almost incessantly, but closing rates were within ⅛@⅜c of the preceding day's close. November and year sold at $1 01¾, early and available at that late; December at $1 01⅝ to $1 04, closing at $1 04¼@⅜; January at $1 07⅛ to $1 06¼@⅜, closing at $1 06⅜; February at $1 08¾ to $1 09, closing at latter bid, $1 09¼ asked.

Corn—A firmer feeling was manifest to-day, with a slight appreciation in the value of futures, but grades showing little change. Speculators and exporters bought No. 2 mixed at 39¾@39¾, and latter buyers got most of the No 2 white mixed, which sold at 40¼@40⅜; rejected do held at 40, without a buyer; rejected colored, selling in Central at 37½, but St. Louis not worth over 37; no grade sold at 38. Futures were again dull, but closed firm and 1-16@⅛ better. December sold at 39¾, year at 39½ to 39⅝, January at 39¾ to 39¾@⅜, and May at 43¾@⅞ to 43¼. November salable at 39⅝ and February at 40.

Oats—Stiff and higher, with some indications of a corner in the present month. No. 2 was in speculative demand at 29½c one party taking about all that was sold; No. 2 white sold at 30c and was scarce; rejected salable at 29c in St. Louis, with that asked regular. Future trading was confined to November, which opened ⅛c better at 29⅝c and ran up to 30c, which was bid at close; December was salable at 30⅝c, January at 31c and May at 33c.

Barley—Very dull. Buyers only wanting strictly choice and fancy, and demanding concessions on these, but sellers holding steadily. We quote: Rejected, 45@55c; No. 3, 55@60; prime, 70@75; choice, 80@87½; fancy, 95c@$1; Canada, 95@1 05.

Rye—Grade No. 2 strong and in demand, 85c, but 85½ bid later, rejected had 78 bid and none offered.

Hay—Demand good for all grades, but particularly for choice; prices strong and in some instances slightly better. We quote: Prairie $9 50@10 75; mixed $12 50@15 50; prime timothy $13 50@14; choice do $15@15 50; fancy do $16@16 25.

Milfeed—Brand in demand at 55 in bulk and sacked at 70c at mill, but supply still small.

Provisions—Movement still restricted by the extreme scarcity that exists. Pork was steady at $14 for cash, with small sales at that, and 250 brls January sold at $14 25. A sale of 150 tes prime lard was made yesterday at 8 05c, and to-day 8c was bid without getting any. Dry salt meats—loose was nominal at about 4.85c for shoulders; 7¾@60c for clear ribs; 7 80c for short clear; packed sales were made at 7 65@70c for clear rib and 7¾@7¾c for short clear. Nothing was done in bacon outside of a few small orders; packed was quotable at 5½c for shoulders; 8.70c for clear rib; 8 85@9c for short clear. Tallow 5½@5¾c, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 10@11c. Grease, 3⅞@4¾c for brown, 4¾@5c for yellow, 5¼@5¾c for white. Beef—Extra mess $12 per brl; prime mess $9 50 per brl; family $7 per half-brl; dried 9¾@10c per lb. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt $1 25@1 30 per brl for lake, and $1 15 for Ohio River; $1 20@1 25 per sack for G. A.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Wheat—Firm, with sales December $1 04⅞, January at $1 06⅝. Bids of $1 01⅞ cash and year, $1 01⅞@⅞ November, $1 09 February.

Corn—Stiffer; cash, November and year salable at 39¾c, December at 39½c, January at 39½c, May at 43⅞c.

Oats—Bids of 29¾c cash, 30c November, 30¼c December, 29½c year, 35@⅞c May.

The Cotton Market.

Spot quotations unchanged, but undoubtedly shaded, as buyers would not operate save at lower rates, and 2,481 bales changed hands. Futures easy, with sales of 1,000 February at 10.47½; bids of 10.25 November; 10.26 December; 10.37 January; 10.60 March; 10.70 April. New York quiet and steady. Liverpool easier and 1-16@⅛d lower.

QUOTATIONS.

Grade.	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	7¼	.....
Ordinary	7¾	8
Good ordinary	9¾	9¾
Low middling	10	10⅛
Middling	10⅜	11
Good middling	11⅛	11⅞
Middling fair	11⅞	12⅜

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	26,831
Same day last year	44,638

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	2,549	1,753
Same day last year	4,731	2,588
Total for season to date	84,045	64,509
Same time last year	165,278	114,734

NEW YORK.

Futures steady at 2:30 p. m. Sales 52,000 bales.

January, 10.90; February, 11.02; March, 11.17; April, 11.31; May, 11.44; June, 11.56; July, 11.64; November, 10.83; December, 10.81.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 6¾d; Orleans, 6¾d. sales, 10,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71c; to Providence, 71c; to New York, 66c; to Philadelphia, 64c; to Baltimore, 63c.

Miscellaneous.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $6 25@7 for choice new; old neglected.

RYE FLOUR—$4 75@5 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 05@2 10 del.

TOBACCO—We quote. Inferior to common dark lugs $3 55@3 80; fair to good dark lugs $4@4 25; fair to good bright lugs $4 40@6 50; inferior and nondescript dark leaf $4 25@4 75; common dark leaf $5@5 25; low medium to medium dark leaf $6@7; low medium to medium red leaf $7@8 50; factory dried shipping leaf $5 50@7 50; good to fine bright leaf $9 50@12; medium half bright wrapping leaf $12@18; medium bright wrapping leaf $20@30; good to fine bright wrapping leaf $40@60.

HEMP—We quote undressed hemp, $125@150; dressed hemp, $175@225; shorts $150@190; break tow, $75 per ton.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; jute bagging at 11¼@11¾, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 10¾@11. Hemp twine 15@16. Iron cotton ties at $2 20@2 35 ₱ bundle.

LEAD—Quiet; soft Missouri held at $4 50.

HIGHWINES—Steady at $1 10.

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1879.

	Receipts. 1880.	Receipts. 1879.	Shipments. 1880.	Shipments. 1879.
Cattle	1,517	1,589	117	887
Hogs	11,230	9,666	820	1,717
Sheep	210	794	.....	.....

CATTLE—The supply was fair and the bulk consisted of medium to fair grass Texans, which found ready sale and brought steady figures. The St. Louis Beet Canning Company entered the market early and made fair purchases, paying from $2 40@2 75 ₱ 100 lbs. Local speculators and interior shippers paid from $2 50@3 05 ₱ 100 lbs. Common to medium mixed butchers' stuff in light supply and dull, and the few lots offered had to be disposed of at very mean prices. Medium and light native steers in small offerings and not wanted. The shipping demand not so very urgent and altogether for good and choice heavy. Stock cattle not wanted. Milch cows with calves scarce and in demand. Yesterday afternoon there was but little doing for want of stock. Ruling quotations slow.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Choice native steers	$5 10@5 40
Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 85@5 00
Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350 lbs	4 30@4 70
Common to good grass steers	3 00@3 75
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, nominal	3 50@3 75
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 900, nominal	3 00@3 25
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 80@3 25
Common to fair native cows	2 00@2 60
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 25@3 75
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 75@4 40
Common to good grass Texans	2 15@3 25

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
359	Texan steers	1,023	$3 75
24	Texan steers	776	2 70
20	Texan steers	975	3 00
22	Texan steers	904	2 85
49	Texan steers	914	3 05
20	Texan steers	1,058	3 00
90	Texan cows	795	2 40
18	Texan mixed	784	2 42½
38	native steers	1,248	4 15¾
13	native steers	1,228	4 02
19	native steers	1,118	3 50
5	h Tye cows	932	2 62¾
13	native cows	864	2 90
19	native cows	880	2 60
11	native heifers	914	3 20
21	Kansas half-breeds	995	3 00

HOGS—Offerings quite large and of all grades. All classes of buyers were on hand, but moved with caution at declines of 5@10c per 100 lbs on all grades. Yorkers and Baltimores brought $4 25@4 40; mixed packing $4 40@4 60; butcher and select $4 60@4 65; rough and common mixed dull of disposal at $3 50@4 25. Transactions fair.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
60	211	$4 40	88	182	$4 25
27	196	4 25	14	185	4 30
26	193	4 75	36	189	4 35
28	199	4 35	28	270	4 60

SHEEP—There is no change to note in the sheep market. Supply scant and mainly of medium goods. Local butchers demand fair. Shippers are holding off. Lambs scarce. Values steady.

Quote choice to extra $3 75 to $4; fair to good $3 25 to $3 75; medium to fair $3 to $3 25, stock sheep $2 50@2 75. Scabby natives and Texas stockers not wanted. Lambs $1 50 to $3 per head.

Horses and Mules.

Supply limited. Demand fair for good workers and heavy mules. Common animals dull. Values steady.

HORSES.

Common plugs	$25 to	$30
Good plugs	35 to	45
Southern plantation, good	50 to	65
Southern plantation, extra	75 to	90
Streeters	80 to	90
Saddle horses, common	70 to	80
Saddle horses, good	110 to	120
Saddle horses, extra	130 to	155
Drivers	80 to	90
Drivers, good to extra	100 to	150
Heavy draft—1350 to 1850 lbs	110 to	125
Heavy draft, extra 1400 to 1450	135 to	150

MULES.

14 hands	60 to	70
14½ hands	70 to	85
14⅝ hands	95 to	105
15 hands	110 to	120
15⅝ hands	120 to	140
16 hands, extra	140 to	160

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Hogs—Receipts 35,000; active and firm; light, $4 30@4 70; mixed packing $4 40@4 65; shipping $4 70@4 90. Cattle—Receipts 6,000; good to choice shipping strong at 5¼@6; fair to good $4 40@4 75, common and slow; butchers' $2@2 50; stockers $2 50@3; Texans $2 90@3 10.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Flour—Slightly in buyers' favor; very moderate export and home trade demand. Receipts 19,682 barrels. Round hoop Ohio $4 70@5; choice do $5 10@6; superfine Western $3 85@4 35; common to good extra do $4 55@4 75; choice do $4 80@6 50; choice white wheat do $4 75@4 95. Wheat ½@⅝c lower and moderately active; sales: 120,000 bu. No. 2 red December $1 19@1 19¼; 64,000 bu do January $1 25¾@1 21½; do November and cash $1 17 bid $1 17⅝ asked. Corn a shade stronger and quiet; new mixed Western spot 55@56½c; do future 55@58¾c. Oats firm; Western 38@45c. Beef unchanged; demand moderate; new plain mess $9; new extra do $9 50@10. Pork firm; spot mess $15. Lard shade firmer; steam-rendered 8.05. Butter steady and quiet; Ohio 15@26c. Cheese unchanged; 7@12c for poor to fancy. Sugar steady and rather quiet.

TOLEDO, November 5.—Wheat firm; No. 2 red Wabash cash $1 09¾; December $1 06⅞; January $1 09. Corn quiet; high mixed 45 asked; No. 2 cash 45 asked; new 43 asked; rejected 43½; new 40; damaged new 35. Oats quiet; No. 2 31 asked, 30¾ bid. Clover seed—Mammoth $4 75; No. 2 $4 30. Lake freights dull; to Buffalo, 3½, corn 3¼; Oswego 7@6½; Kingston, 6@5¾c.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—Flour steady, with moderate trade demand. Western super $3 50@4; do extra $4 25@5; do family $5 25@6. Wheat—Western lower, closing easy; No. 2 Western winter red spot and November $1 14½@1 14¾; December $1 16¾@1 16⅝; January $1 18¾@1 19; February $1 20¼@1 20¾. Corn—Western spot firm; futures neglected; Western mixed spot and November, 53¼@55½; December 54¼@54¾, January 55¼ asked. Oats—firm; Western white 38½@39; do mixed 36@37. Rye quiet at $1 02. Hay steady; prime to choice Pennsylvania $15@20. Provisions quiet and lower for job lots. No round lots selling. Mess pork, $15 50@15 75. Bulk meats: loose shoulders, none offering; clear rib sides, none offering; do packed, 5¾@8¼c; bacon shoulders, 6¼c; clear rib sides 8¾; hams 11@12c. Lard, refined tes 9¾. Butter—Quiet; prime to choice Western packed 16@23. Eggs firmer at 21@22.

MILWAUKEE, November 6.—Wheat declined ½@⅝c; noon board steady; $1 07 bard; $1 03 No. 1; $1 04 No. 2 hard; $1 01 No. 2 and November; $1 02¾ December; $1 04 January; 92c No. 3; 82c No. 4; rejected nominal; receipts 49,000; shipments 31,000. Coarse grains firm. Corn 39½c for No. 2. Oats 29 for No. 2. Rye 83c for No. 1. Barley 72½c for No. 2.

CINCINNATI, November 5.—Flour firm; family, $4 80@5; fancy, $5 35@6. Wheat easier; No. 2 amber $1 04⅜; No. 2 red $1 05; Corn firm, higher; No. 2 mixed 44½. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 32½@33. Pork dull and nominal at $14. Lard dull at 8. Bulk meats quiet; clear rib sides 7¾. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull at at $1 08.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Wheat firmer at $1 01⅝ cash; $1 03¼ December; $1 04⅛ bid January. Corn firmer at 39½c cash; 40⅛c December; 45½c May. Oats firmer; 29c bid cash; 30¾c December. Rye 82c. Barley 85c. Whisky $1 08. Pork stronger at $13 75 cash; $12 85 November $13 30 January. Lard firmer at 8.05c cash; 8c November and January.

BUFFALO, November 5.—Wheat dull; spring ½c lower; sales 20,000 bu No. 1 hard duluth $1 17¼ first half December; 4,000 bu No. 2 red winter $1 10. Corn nominally 49½c Other grains neglected. Canal freights dull and unchanged.

DETROIT, November 5.—Flour steady. Wheat steady; No. 1 white $1 02½; November do; December $1 04¾; January $1 06¾; No. 2 red $1 03½; No. 2 white 98¾. Receipts wheat 28,000 bu; shipments 84,000.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Ouachita is at a good stage.

THE Natchez draws 6 feet 4 inches with 350 tons freight on board.

NEVER mind the low water; the Dora will leave for Clarksville to-morrow.

ST. LOUIS barges are taking oil cake from Memphis to New Orleans for $2 50 per ton.

MCCONNELL talks of loading the Carrier for Ohio River next week; perhaps to-morrow.

BURR WOODS' new tug-boat will arrive at New Orleans for Philadelphia about December 5th.

WATER to Cairo, 66 inches on worst bars. Boats grounding everywhere. Bulk grain business paralyzed.

EN route to St. Louis—Rucker, Norton, Halliday, Cole, Helena, John Means, Fearless, Baltic, Dora, Silver and Gold Dust.

THE low water has no terrors for the D. H. Rucker, regular Saturday packet for Vicksburg. Off to-morrow evening on time.

THE new steamer Duty, lying at the wharf, is for charter. She is completed and is owned by Capt. Abrams. Apply to 500 N. Commercial street.

THE Mollie Moore will leave with a fine cargo to day for Vicksburg, way landings and the Missouri. Captain Kirkpatrick is commander, and Ed. McPherson, clerk.

THE Diamond Jo, Captain Isherwood, will leave this evening for the Upper Mississippi. This is one of the last opportunities of the season for shipping north by steamer.

THE Arkansas, or Tidal Wave, or Victory, or Annie, or all—there is talk of the immortal Jenkins being agent for them, and sending out one or more to-morrow for the North. The Tidal Wave and Annie are in with elaborate cargoes.

WE have been requested by Capt. Leathers to state that the report started by the New Orleans Picayune, that cotton by the Natchez would be fifty cents a bale hereafter, was unauthorized by him, and that there is no truth in said report.

THE noble steamer Montana will leave this evening for Louisville and way landings, Capt. N. Buesen master and James Earle clerk. The Montana will have a full cargo, being constructed for the lowest stage of water and being able to carry about 1,000 tons on the present depth. Buesen has the boat for the times.

SNAGS abound in the Mississippi, and are sinking boats very fast. Since Monday evening there have been three victims—the John B. Maude, the Robert Mitchell and the Ouachita Belle—the two latter only 200 yards apart. It is moved that twenty more snag-boats be immediately built and that they shall be kept at work constantly.

THE Diamond Jo on her way to part sank her barge Bib in Hickory Chute, five miles above Louisiana, in four feet of water. It was loaded with 50,000 bushels of barley, which of course is damaged. Barge not insured. The Diamond Jo, leaving here this evening, takes appliances to raise the barge, and Capt. Isherwood is a well known carpenter and hydraulic engineer.

CAPT. JOHN TODD, of Wellsville, O., owner and commander of the large steamer Dacotah, has an ideal steamer built, or would build her for the St. Louis and New Orleans trade, if circumstances permitted. This is a partial description of her: A sidewheeler, 400 feet long; breadth of beam, 35 feet; depth of hold, 7 feet; cylinders 30 inches diameter, 5 feet stroke; cabin on what is known as main or lower deck; no upper or boiler deck; two cabins, forward and aft—engines and boilers between; boat to draw 2 feet, light; the trip down and that up to be made without turning the boat round to make landings; put freight off at stern in going down, from bow coming up. Wheels and pilot house exactly midway between bow and stern. Two engines for each wheel. Boat never to carry more than 200 or 300 tons freight. Her sides to be of iron. Boat to cost $150,000 or less, to carry mails and passengers, and would make 25 miles an hour up stream. She will have quite a sharp model, everything first-class, and cabin outfit elegant and comfortable.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, November 5.—Arrived: Bowling Green, 10 p. m.; Grey Eagle, 5; J. S. Branford, 8 a. m. Departed: Bowling Green, midnight; Eagle, Louisville, 8 a. m. River falling, 5 feet 6 inches. Wind south. Cloudy and cool.

MEMPHIS, November 5.—River rising. Arrived: C. P. Choutesu and Cherokee, New Orleans. Departed: City of Helena St Louis; Commonwealth, Vicksburg. Drizzling rain.

CAIRO, ILL., November 5.—Arrived: Celina, Nashville, 5 a. m.; Colorado, St. Louis, 5 a. m. Departed: Colorado, St. Louis, 7 a. m. Cloudy and cool.

Marine.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Arrived: Steamships Greece, from London, and Donau, from Bremen.

DIED.

LYMAN—November 5 at 8 o'clock a. m., Mrs. L. A. Lyman, widow of Judge Darius Lyman, of Ravenna, Ohio.

Services at the residence of her son-in-law, Geo. W. Woodworth, 1746 McNair Place, Saturday, November 6, at 4 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Burial at Cleveland, O.

DESIRABLE STONE-FRONT RESIDENCE,

Southwest Corner of Lucas Place and Eighteenth Street.

AT AUCTION SALE

MONDAY,

November 8, 1880, at 3 O'Clock P. M.

By order of Albin Mellier, Trustee, under the will of the late George R. Taylor.

The lot has a front on Lucas Place of 75 feet, more or less, by a depth along Eighteenth street of 155 feet to an alley. The dwelling contains 13 rooms, halls, conservatory, billiard room, laundry, bath rooms, linen-rooms. There are two furnaces and all the necessary registers; the rooms are frescoed, and all well arranged, with a view to light and ventilation. Also, large stable and carriage house.

The premises can be examined before the sale by applying to the undersigned, or Albin Mellier, No. 709 Washington avenue.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third cash, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, secured by deed of trust on the property; $500 will be required to be paid as earnest money on bidding off the property.

On the following day, Tuesday, the furniture, carriages and horses will be sold at auction on the premises, by Block, Tyler & Co.

JOHN MAGUIRE.

Real Estate Agent, No. 519 Walnut st.

P. S. LANHAM, Auctioneer for House.

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF ASSETS.—Notice is hereby given that in obedience to an order of sale of assets made by the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis at the September term, 1880, I, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Herman A. Koenig, deceased, will on

MONDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 2 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the following assets belonging to said estate, viz.:

Four shares of stock of the Bank of Commerce.

Four St. Louis County Park bonds.

The uncollected rest of a claim allowed against the Real Estate Savings Bank, in liquidation.

Some uncollected accounts, and such claim or claims as said estate has or may have against the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company and the Columbia Life Insurance Company, under policy No. 2242, issued by said St. L. M. L. I. Co.

GEORGE H. STILLE.

Administrator of the estate of Herman A. Koenig, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1880. 11N

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION DE BONIS NON.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration de bonis non upon the estate of

JOHN HENRY TIEMANN,

deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1880. The authority of Wilhelmine Tiemann, the former administratrix of said estate, ceased on the 4th day of September, 1880, by reason of her marriage.

EUGENE SPANGENBERG.

Administrator de bonis non of the estate of John Henry Tiemann, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1880. 17N

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JOHN HENRY TIEMANN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator de bonis non, intend to make final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

EUGENE SPANGENBERG,

Administrator de bonis non of the estate of John H. Tiemann, deceased. 12N

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1880.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JACOB BAHR,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden in said city on the first Monday of December next.

SOPHIA F. BAHR,

Executrix of Jacob Bahr, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1880. 14N

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

MORITZ LOWENSTEIN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

HENRY A. HUNICKE,

Executor of Moritz Lowenstein, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1880. 16N

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Michael Slattery, trustee of Clara Elizabeth Hack, Clara Elizabeth Hack, Nicholas Hack.
No. 1698.

It appearing from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that the defendants Michael Slattery, trustee of Clara Elizabeth Hack, Clara Elizabeth Hack and Nicholas Hack cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on the said defendants, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of twenty-two dollars and eighty-eight cents, in interest and costs, against the following-described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit:

A lot of ground on Mallinkrodt street, in city block 1233, 55 feet 2 inches in front or width and 105 feet in length or depth, being in J. Cochran's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of the St. Louis Railroad Company, on the east by that of one Meyer, on the south by the south line of said street, on the west by the real estate of one Pabitzkey.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the years 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, att'y for plaintiff. 59J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Julian Gamache, Jr., trustee of Celestine Gamache, Celestine Gamache.
No. 1542.

It appearing from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that defendant Celestine Gamache cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that process cannot be had on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her and another, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of sixty-seven dollars and ninety-two cents, interest and costs, against the following-described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Cherokee street in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots 5 and 19.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Illinois avenue, in city block 1551, 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 20.

No. 3. Two lots of ground on Illinois avenue in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 123 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lots 21 and 22.

No. 4. Two lots of ground on Wisconsin avenue in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 124 feet 1 inch in length or depth being lots 38 and 39.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Manchester road, 25 feet in front or width and 151 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Manchester Road in front or width 25 feet 4 inche in the one part and 22 feet 1 inch in the other part, and 184 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lot 5 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 7. Four lots of ground on Stewart avenue, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lots 19, 20, 21 and 22 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Stewart avenue, 25 feet in front or width, and 119 feet in length or depth, being lot 36 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Chouteau avenue 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 43 in New Frankfort Addition to said city.

No. 10. A lot of ground 72 feet in front or width and 210 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 10 in block 1 in Kayser's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 61J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Henry Kayser Jr.
No. 1651

The Sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that the said defendant, Henry Kayser, jr., can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and the Court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, is is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of forty-four dollars and nine cents and one-half cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Cherokee street in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots 5 and 19.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Illinois avenue, in city block 1551, 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 20.

No. 3. Two lots of ground on Illinois avenue in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 123 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lots 21 and 22.

No. 4. Two lots of ground on Wisconsin avenue in city block 1551, each 25 feet in front or width and 124 feet 1 inch in length or depth being lots 38 and 39.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Manchester road, 25 feet in front or width and 151 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Manchester Road in front or width 25 feet 4 inche in the one part and 22 feet 1 inch in the other part, and 184 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lot 5 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 7. Four lots of ground on Stewart avenue, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lots 19, 20, 21 and 22 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Stewart avenue, 25 feet in front or width, and 119 feet in length or depth, being lot 36 in New Frankfort addition to said city.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Chouteau avenue 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 43 in New Frankfort Addition to said city.

No. 10. A lot of ground 72 feet in front or width and 210 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 10 in block 1 in Kayser's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 85J

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Minnie Marshall

vs.

Charles W. Marshall.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that said defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of the petition herein.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 14th day of October, 1880.

{SEAL} CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.
5G

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the City of St. Louis, in the state of Missouri,

vs.

Unknown Heirs of John Davidson.
No. 1733.

It appearing from the return of the sheriff on the writ in this cause that the unknown heirs of John Davidson can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of seventy-four 34-100 dollars, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Main street, in city block 2980, 20 feet in front or width and 100 feet in length or depth, being in Block 37 in Eiler's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Hagan, on the east by Main street, on the south by the real estate of one Carlin, on the west by an alley.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the years 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS Att'y for Plaintiff. 55J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, city of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.

Wednesday, October 13, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

William Lucas et al.
No. 1617.

It appearing from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that defendants Franklin A. Dick and executrix cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and it further appearing from the plaintiff's petition that defendants William Lucas and Mary B. Lucas, his wife, and Isaiah V. Williamson are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on said defendants, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem, for the sum of Eleven Hundred Dollars and Thirty-four Cents, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

No. 1. Eight lots of ground on Stewart avenue, each 25 feet in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 in Lucas' Subdivision of Cadet Sac Common Fields.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 160 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 160 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 30 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 25 feet in front or width, and 165 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being the north half of lot 5 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 25 feet in front or width 27 feet inches in the one part, and 49 feet 3 inches in the other part, and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by Olive street, on the east by the real estate of one J. D. Lucas, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one J. D. Lucas.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 4966, 79 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 81 feet 5½ inches in length or depth, being in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Chestnut street, on the east by the real estate of one Hunt, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Rice.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 4833, 22 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 72 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the east by one Boyce, on the west by Front street, on the south by the real estate of one Keating, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Rice.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Twelfth street, in city block 502, 46 feet 9 inches in front or width and 100 feet in length or depth, and bound d on the north by the real estate of Joseph D. Lucas, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Johnson, on the west by Twelfth street.

No. 12. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 25 feet in front or width and 162 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being the west half of lot 11 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 164 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 14. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 165 feet 11½ inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 15. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 169 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 16. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 171 feet 9½ inches in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 17. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, in front or width 86 feet 3½ inches in the one part and 89 feet 2½ inches in the other part and 176 feet 2 inch in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 18. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, in front or width 68 feet 9 inches in the one part and 69 feet 2½ inches in the other part and 172 feet 7½ inches in length or depth, being lot 17 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 19. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue 50 feet in front or width and 170 feet 1½ inches in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 20. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 167 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 21. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 165 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 22. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 162 feet 10½ inches in length or depth, being lot 21 in block in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 23. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 25 feet in front or width and 161 feet 7½ inches in length or depth, being the west half of lot 22 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 24. A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 189 feet 1½ inches in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 25. A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 208 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 26. A lot of ground on St. Charles rock road, 50 feet in front or width and 159 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 27. A lot of ground on St. Charles rock road, 50 feet in front or width and 157 feet 3¾ inches in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said described real estate for the years 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, A. D. 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Att'y for plaintiff. 63J

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Eugenia J. Saugrain, Anthony P. Saugrain, Theresa Ruscenia Saugrain, Mary A. Pettus, William H. B. Pettus, her husband, Rosalia G. Waddell and John Wadsell, her husband, George Maguire, Anthony S. Robinson, Sophia E. Robinson, Anthony S. Robinson, Jr., Joseph Robinson, Monica M. Robinson, Charles W. Francis, Julia Francis, George M. Francis, Arthur G. Francis, Alfred Francis, Charles Francis, Alice Francis, Peter William Provenchere, Eulalia Ambrosia Provenchere, Mary Amelia Francis, Joseph Provenchere, Genevieve Eliza Provenchere, Felix Mary Provenchere, Frederick Estelle Provenchere, Thomas Allen and the St. Louis Iron Mountain Railroad Company, Peter William Provenchere, trustees of his heirs above named, and C. B. Chapin, guardian of Felix M. and Frederick E. Provenchere, and also for the said George M., Arthur G., Alfred and Charles Francis and also for the said Felix M. and Frederick E. Provenchere, and also for the said Monica M. Robinson, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land in block No. 48 of said city, having a front of 32 1-12 feet on Second street and one of 48 feet in the rear by a depth of 209 5-12 feet on the north and of 204½ feet on the south, bounded north by the St. Louis Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad Company and others, east by Second street, south by the Iron Mountain Railroad Company and west by the Mill Creek.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 1, 1880. 92L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Augustine De Laureal and Herman Kemper are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground known as lot No. 10, and the eastern part of lot No. 9 in block No. 1004 of said city, and in block 4 of Florence addition, containing 28 4½-12 feet front on Sheridan avenue, by a depth of 150 feet from Sheridan street, east by Hannasky, south by an alley and west by Dunn.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis Mo., November 1, 1880. 90L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry W. Williams, Maria B. Colburn, Christian Koeln, Frederick Hill, Charles P. Chouteau and Rose Williams are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Your lots of ground on Sixth street in city block 2898, each 25 feet in front or width and 114 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots Nos. 32, 33, 34 and 35 respectively, in block 1 of 13 of Haren's 1st addition to said city.

And I will on
SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 1 1880. 91L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Augustine De Laureal, Herman Kemper, Anna M. Fitzpatrick and Michael Fitzpatrick and August Reinders are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground in Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width, and 160 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 23 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width, and 160 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 29 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 159 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being the north half of lot 5 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, in city block, 962, in front or width 27 feet inches in the one part, and 49 feet 3 inches in the other part, and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by Olive street, on the east by the real estate of one J. D. Lucas, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one J. D. Lucas.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 4966, 79 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 81 feet 5½ inches in length or depth, being in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Chestnut street, on the east by the real estate of one Hunt, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Rice.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 4833, 22 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 72 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the east by one Boyce, on the west by Front street, on the south by the real estate of one Keating, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Rice.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Twelfth street, in city block 502, 46 feet 9 inches in front or width and 100 feet in length or depth, and bound d on the north by the real estate of Joseph D. Lucas, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Johnson, on the west by Twelfth street.

No. 12. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 25 feet in front or width and 162 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being the west half of lot 11 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 164 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 14. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 165 feet 11½ inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 15. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 169 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 16. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, 50 feet in front or width and 171 feet 9½ inches in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 17. A lot of ground on St. Charles Rock Road, in front or width 86 feet 3½ inches in the one part and 89 feet 2½ inches in the other part and 176 feet 2 inch in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 18. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, in front or width 68 feet 9 inches in the one part and 69 feet 2½ inches in the other part and 172 feet 7½ inches in length or depth, being lot 17 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's Addition to said city.

No. 19. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue 50 feet in front or width and 170 feet 1½ inches in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 20. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 167 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 21. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 165 feet 3½ inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 22. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 162 feet 10½ inches in length or depth, being lot 21 in block in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 23. A lot of ground on Theodosia avenue, 25 feet in front or width and 161 feet 7½ inches in length or depth, being the west half of lot 22 in block 2 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 24. A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 189 feet 1½ inches in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 25. A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 208 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 3 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 26. A lot of ground on St. Charles rock road, 50 feet in front or width and 159 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Number 27. A lot of ground on St. Charles rock road, 50 feet in front or width and 157 feet 3¾ inches in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 15 in Lucas and Hunt's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said described real estate for the years 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 13th day of October, A. D. 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. JONAS, Att'y for plaintiff. 63J

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry W. Williams, Maria B. Colburn, Christian Koeln, Frederick Hill, Charles P. Chouteau and Rose Williams are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or piece of ground in block 40, city block 2918, in Eller's addition, having a front width of 148 feet 5 inches on Main street by a depth or length of 148 feet and 5 inches, and having bounded on the north by the real estate of one Elwood, on the south by that of one Harrison, on the west by that of one Bowlin, and on east the by Main street.

And I will on
THURSDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 26, 1880. 40H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of two special executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Epes Cowan, John R. Shepley and Charles Parsons, executors and trustees under the will of William M. McPherson, deceased, William M. McPherson, Jr., Laura M. McPherson, Sophia E. McPherson, Page McPherson, Michael Chartrand, Felix F. Chartrand, Antoine T. Chartrand, Joseph A. Chartrand, Pascal F. Chartrand, Thomas J. Chartrand, Joseph A. Chartrand, guardian of Louis F. Chartrand, Louis F. Chartrand, a minor, Edward B. Hogan, Alice C. Hogan, Matthew Hodkinson, Nannie C. Hodkinson, John Coleman, Lorla Coleman, Samuel V. Niles, Britton A. Hill, Robert Hilton, Brainard M. Million, Montgomery Blair, Thomas M. Wannall, William Godfrey, Edward B. Cowan, Samuel N. Holliday, John H. Moere, cestui que trust, Henry Stollbrink, trustee, Frances G. Flanagan, cestui que trust, and Benjamin F. Webster, trustee, Mary E. Young and Wm. Young, her husband, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following-described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land in block No. 48 of said city, having a front of 32 1-12 feet on Second street and one of 48 feet in the rear by a depth of 209 5-12 feet on the north and of 204½ feet on the south, bounded north by the St. Louis Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad Company and others, east by Second street, south by the Iron Mountain Railroad Company and west by the Mill Creek.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 1, 1880. 93L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Augustine De Laureal and Herman Kemper are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered 19 and 20 in block No. 1427 of said city, and in block No. 16 of Labadie and Laveille's addition, each of which lots contains 25 feet front on Rappahanock street by a depth of 135 4-12 feet.

And I will, on
FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 18J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Emily Stine is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land containing five and twenty hundredths of one acre, being in that part of said city known as the Common Fields, and being lot number 73 of said addition, being bounded on the north by the survey line, on the east by string-town road, on the south by the real estate of one Byrne, and on the west by Grand avenue.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 27, 1880. 4L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Augustine De Laureal and Herman Kemper are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot in city block No. 15 on Front street, being 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in depth, and being bounded on the north by the real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Front street, on the south by the real estate of one Clemenz and on the West by an alley.

No. 2. A lot or tract of land in city block No. 19, on Main street, being 16 feet and 8½ inches in front or width and 170 feet in depth and being known as the north half of lot 7 in said block.

No. 3. A lot in city block No. 30 on Main street, being 16 feet in front or width and 76 feet in depth, and being bounded on the north by the real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by Olive street and on the west by the real estate of one Haney.

No. 4. A lot in city block No. 565 on Fifteenth street, being 58 feet in front or width and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth, and being bounded as follows: On the north by an alley, on the east by the real estate of one Cooper, on the south by the real estate of one F. B. Chambers, and on the west by Fifteenth street.

No. 5. A lot in city block No. 573 on O'Fallon street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 88 feet in depth, and being bounded as follows: On the north by an alley, on the east by Fourteenth street, on the south by O'Fallon street, and on the west by the real estate of one Larkin.

No. 6. A lot in city block No. 581, on Seventh street, being 27 feet and 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in depth, and being known as lot 6 in said block.

No. 7. A lot in city block No. 605, on Eighth street, being 45 feet and 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in depth, and being known as lot 6 in said block, and being bounded as follows: On the north by the real estate of one Coons and said defendant owners, on the south by an alley, and on the west by Eighth street.

No. 8. A lot in city block No. 611, on Eleventh street, being 150 feet in front or width and 127 feet in depth and being bounded as follows: On the north by the real estate of one Larkin, in the east by an alley on the south by the real estate of the Mullanphy estate and on the west by Eleventh street.

No. 9. A lot in city block No. 618, on Eighteenth street, being 6 feet and 1 inch in front or width and 125 feet in depth and being bounded as follows: On the north by the real estate of one Hugo, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Barlow, and on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 10 A lot in city block No. 1681 on Biddle street, being 85 feet in front or width and 90 feet in depth, and being the east part of lot No. 5 in the addition of Picot and others.

No. 11. A lot in city block No. 1681 on Biddle street, being 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet in depth, and being lot No. 6 in the addition of Picot and others.

No.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Leopold steinberger and Hannah, his wife, by their deed of trust dated July 29, 1875, and recorded in book 526, page 261, of the St. Louis city records, did convey to the undersigned trustees the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in southern line of Chouteau avenue, twenty two (22) feet and four (4) inches, more or less, east of the eastern line of Laveille street, being the point where the line through the center of division wall between a lot now or formerly belonging to Mel laine, and the lot herein described, intersects Chouteau avenue, thence south with the line running through the center of division wall aforesaid one hundred and fourteen (114) feet, more or less, to an alley 8 feet wide, thence east and parallel to Chouteau avenue twenty-two (22) feet and four (4) inches, more or less, to a point intersecting a line through the division wall between the lot herein conveyed and a lot now or formerly belonging to J. B. Beck; thence north through the last aforesaid center of division wall one hundred and fourteen (114) feet, more or less, to a point in the south line of Chouteau avenue, thence westwardly along the south line of Chouteau avenue twenty-two (22) feet and four (4) inches to the place of beginning, being in city block No. 470 and being the same property acquired by said Leopold Steinberger of Henry L. Broiaski by deed dated October 31, 1868, and recorded in book 371, page 258, of the St. Louis Records, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of interest and principal; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, we the undersigned trustees will proceed to sell the above described property at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.

ARTHUR OLSHAUSEN.
GUSTAVUS A. OLSHAUSEN.
Trustees.

St. Louis, Mo., October 29, 1880. 11L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated July 31, 1876, of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds within and for the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in book 556, at page 141, William B. Field and Hattie E. Field, his wife, and Isaac N. Field and Mary D. Field, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter of section number one, in township number forty-five (45) north, range number five (5) east of the fifth principal meridian, containing eighty-five acres and fourteen hundredths of an acre (85 14-100), being the same tract heretofore granted by the United States to Nicholas Tomlinson, by patent dated April 1, 1829; by said Tomlinson and wife conveyed to Ira Barbee by deed recorded in Recorder's office of St. Louis county in book S, page 362; allotted to Andrew B. Barbee by commissioners in partition as appears by there report recorded in book Y No. 5, page 336, of said Recorder's office; afterwards conveyed to John F. Lay and Abram F. Pope by deed recorded in book D No. 6, page 294, and by said Pope and wife deeded to said Lay as recorded in book P No. 6, page 98; afterwards conveyed to Richard R. Field and Charles Beardsley as recorded in book No. 6, page 194; afterwards conveyed to the firm of Field, Beardsley & Co. as recorded in book No. 183, page 338; afterwards deeded to said William B. Field and Isaac N. Field, parties hereto. Also the following described lots or parcels of ground then lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Missouri, but now embraced in the limits of said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) in block numbered two (2) of Aubert Place, a subdivision in said county, a plat whereof is recorded in the recorder's office of St. Louis county; bounded north by lots numbered seven and forty-two, east by lot number two, south by the Olive street plank-road, upon which they have an aggregate front of one hundred and twenty feet, and west by lot number five, having a depth each of one hundred and eighty feet, conveyed by warrantee deed to William B. Field and recorded July 7, 1857, in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, Missouri, in book 192, page 310. Also lot twenty-seven (27) of D. W. Graham's Sulphur Spring tract, then lying in the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, but now embraced in the limits of said city of St. Louis, containing ten acres and bounded north by lots nineteen (18) and twenty (20) of said tract, east by lot twenty-eight (28) and west by lot twenty-six (26) of said tract, being in United States survey 2067, in St. Louis county, Missouri. Which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes, now past due; now therefore, by the provisions of said deed of trust and the power therein given me, and at the request of the legal holder of said past due and unpaid notes, I will on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

sell said real estate at public vendue at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy the conditions of said deed of trust.

SENECA N. TAYLOR,
Trustee.

TAYLOR & POLLARD, Attorneys. 77F

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated the tenth day of July, 1874, and recorded in book 503, on page 315, in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Patrick J. Woodlock and Mary R. Woodlock, his wife, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described property, to-wit: Thirty-one (31) shares of the capital stock of the Western Building and Loan Association, said shares being numbered 17 to 48 inclusive; also the following described real estate, viz.: Lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10) in block number six (6) of Thomas F. Smith's addition to the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, said lots being the same acquired by said Patrick J. Woodlock by two deeds executed to him respectively by John S. Cavender and wife and by J. H. Simpson, the former being recorded in book 887, page 17, and the latter in book 832 page 287, both of said Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, the said lots having an aggregate front of fifty-nine feet and six inches (59 ft. 6 in.) on the south side of Lucy street by a depth southwardly of one hundred and ten feet (110), and being bounded north by Lucy street, south by lot 11, east by an alley fifteen feet wide and west by Summit avenue, the part of said lots hereby conveyed being a front of fifty-one feet on Lucy (now Adams) street by a depth of seventy-one feet to proposed alley four feet wide, the said fifty-one feet being all of the width of lot nine (9) and sixteen feet (16) six inches (6) off the western side of lot ten:

Which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain bond in said deed described; and whereas said Patrick J. Woodlock has broken the conditions of said bond in that he has failed to make payments of rent and assessments or contributions on the shares as therein required, and such payments are now overdue more than three months, by reason whereof the whole principal of said bond has become due and payable; now, therefore, at the request of the obligee in said bond, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee in said deed, will on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, and at public vendue, to the highest bidder, sell said shares of stock and said real estate to satisfy said bond and trust.

GEORGE W. LUBKE.
27H Trustee.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE, IN PARTITION.—By order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, for the purpose of making partition among the heirs of Elizabeth Block, deceased, the undersigned, special commissioner, will sell at

SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described parcels of land, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

First. A lot of ground marked "Elizabeth Block," on the plat of "Kaiser's Subdivision" of the north half of outlot number 3019, containing a front of fifty-three feet and five inches on the east line of Fifth street by a depth eastwardly of 137 feet six inches to a private alley; bounded northwardly by a line 98 feet 3½ inches (measured along the east line of Fifth street) southwardly from and parallel to Quincy street, and southwardly by the center line of said block numbered 3019.

Second. Lots numbered seventy-four and seventy-five (74 and 75) of block number sixteen (16) of Labadie and Lynch's addition to said city of St. Louis, containing an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Rappahannock street, by a depth southwardly to the northern line of the Durand claim, as laid down on the ten mile map in 1838, bounded northwardly by Rappahannock street, westwardly by lot numbered seventy-six (76), southwardly by said Durand claim, and eastwardly by lot numbered seventy-three (73), allotted to Caroline Kaiser.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, and the balance in two equal payments, in one and two years from the time of said sale, the deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust upon the property sold, and notes bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. The sale will be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court, and earnest money will be required to be paid down at the time of the sale.

ADAM BOECK,
Special Commissioner.
GRETHER & BOECK, Agents,
213 North Sixth street.
St. Louis, November 2, 1880. 87L

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of certain notes described in and secured by a deed of trust dated June 2, 1873, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 469, page 352, the undersigned trustees, at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and for the purposes of said trust, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the property as described in said deed of trust, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2) of block two (2) of Robirds addition to the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri.

WILLIAM C. WILSON,
ALEXANDER D. WILSON,
St. Lou October 22, 1880. Trustees. 28H

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Elizabeth A. Smith and Alexander Smith, her husband, by their certain deed of trust dated the 18th day of November, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in deed book 596, page 521, conveyed to the undersigned, William H. Cheetham, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: A certain lot of ground, being in block numbered sixteen hundred and ninety-eight (1,698), according to the plat of the city of St. Louis, having a front on the north line of Walnut street of twenty-nine (29) feet two and one-eighth (2⅛) inches more or less, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to an alley, and known as lot numbered one of the subdivision of the south half of said block as shown on a certain diagram now of record in the Recorder's office for land records in book 424, page 398, bounded east by lot numbered two (2) as shown on said diagram, north by said alley, west by Noeme street or Twenty-second street and south by said Walnut street, together with all improvements thereon; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of three certain promi sory notes in said deed described; and whereas a portion of said indebtedness has become due and is unpaid; now therefore, I, in accordance with the provisions of said deed or trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note, together with the cost and expense of executing this rust.

WILLIAM H. CHEETHAM,
55F Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Real Estate. Whereas, Amos H. Shultz and James E. Shorb, trustees for Angeline Maguire, wife of John Maguire, said trustees acting at the written request and direction of said Angeline Maguire, and the said Angeline Maguire, for herself, by their certain Deed of Trust, dated the 4th day of September, A. D. 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, in book 575 at page 494, conveyed to the undersigned trustee all that parcel of land in block No. 1930 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, known and described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Bremen avenue and North Ninth street, thence running southwardly along the west line of Ninth street 200 feet, thence westwardly 300 feet, more or less, to the east line of Bellefontaine road, alias North Tenth street, thence along the east line of Bellefontaine road, or Tenth street northwardly 200 feet to the south line of Bremen avenue, thence eastwardly along Bremen avenue 300 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, and being bounded north by Bremen avenue, east by North Ninth street, west by Bellefontaine road or Tenth street, and south by a line parallel with and 200 feet south of the south line of Bremen avenue; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and, whereas, the principal note and last interest note are past due and remain unpaid. Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and by virtue of the provisions of said deed, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-House, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes with the interest thereon and the cost of executing this trust.

JOSIAH C. LELLAN, Trustee.
St. Louis, October 20, 1880. 21H

AUCTION SALE of the magnificent residence and other real estate of the estate of G. P. Beauvais, deceased.—Special Commissioner's sale of real estate in partition.—Notice is hereby given that the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on the 9th day of June, 1880, in a certain cause numbered 52,786, room 1, and pending in said court, wherein Fredrick J. Beauvais is plaintiff and Adrienne Beauvais, Felicie Beauvais, Placide M. Beauvais, Remo A. Beauvais and Peter A. Beauvais are defendants, rendered judgment that partition amongst said parties be made of the following real estate, owned by them in fee simple as heirs of G. P. Beauvais, deceased, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

1. Lots 15, 16, 17 and 18 of city block 1870, fronting on Tennessee avenue.

2. A lot of ground with improvements thereon situated on north side of Almond street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, bounded east by an alley, south by north line of Almond street, west by First African Church and lot of God and now or formerly of public schools, and fronting 62 feet on north line of Almond street by a depth northwardly of 109 feet.

3. Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27, fronting on Lux street, and lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, fronting on Second Carondelet avenue, all in city block 1537. The magnificent residence of the late G. P. Beauvais, No. 3317 Second Carondelet avenue, is situated on these lots.

And said Court, finding that said real estate was not susceptible of division in kind amongst said parties without great prejudice to them as owners, then and there ordered that the same be sold according to law, and appointed the undersigned as special commissioner for that purpose.

Now, therefore, the undersigned, having first duly qualified as such special commissioner, in pursuance of said order of sale and by authority of law, will expose said real estate and premises for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, on

THURSDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day.

Terms of Sale.—One-half cash and balance in one year with six per cent interest, the different payments to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

HENRY ZIEGENHEIN.
Special Commissioner.

The title is perfect and clear of incumbrance. Abstracts of title furnished. For further information apply to Henry Ziegenhein, the special commissioner, at Lafayette Bank, corner of Park and Carondelet avenues, between 10 a. m. and 12 m., or to Fred. J. Beauvais, 420 North Third street.
St. Louis, Mo. 4V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Floyd F. Logan and Augusta Ann, his wife, by their deed of trust dated February 8, 1871, and recorded in book 417, page 530, of the Recorder's office of the then county, now city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to Bernard Bryan, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot in city block 930, being a portion of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of block No. 1 of Beaumont's addition, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point about 61 feet east of the alley running east and west through said block, thence east 100 feet to the west line of lot 5, thence north 22 feet more or less, thence west 100 feet, thence south 22 feet more or less to the place of beginning, on which is a three story brick dwelling house known as No. 614, now No. 618 Beaumont street, being the fourth house north of said alley, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of said notes; and whereas Bernard Bryan, the trustee in said deed, is dead; and whereas the Sheriff of the county and the Sheriff of the city of St. Louis have both refused to act under said deed, now therefore, I, the undersigned, trustee, by virtue of the appointment of the St. Louis Circuit Court, made October 19, 1880, will, in pursuance of the terms of said deed, and at the request of the legal owner and holder of said notes, on

TUESDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN FINN,
27th Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Patrick Clinton and Bridget Clinton, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 27th day of March, A. D. 1871, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, in book 419 at page 454, conveyed to the undersigned as trustee, the following described lot or parcel of ground lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit: Lot numbered seventeen (17) in block numbered five (5) of the "Market street and Chouteau avenue subdivision of the Auguste Chouteau tract" according to plat of said subdivision recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis; said lot fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Cozzens street and being one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet deep to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of five notes (one principal and four interest notes) in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said principal note and interest thereon, together with the interest thereon; now therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note and interest thereon, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN M. KRUM,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., October 26, 1880. 1L

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, William N. Loker, by his deed of trust dated December 20, 1878, and recorded in book 641, page 325, of the St. Louis city records, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lots number 41 and 42 in block number 7 of Scott's addition to the City of St. Louis, in city block 1718, said lots together fronting 50 feet on the south line of Scott avenue by a depth southwardly of 120 feet to an alley, bounded north by Scott avenue, east by lot 40, south by alley and west by lot 43, as by plat of said addition recorded in plat book 4 at pages 24 in the Recorder's office of St. Louis; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, interest and taxes; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.

JOHN W. LUKE,
2N Trustee.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles Stewart, Margaret A. Brackett, Robert B. McDonald and the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground known as a part of lot L of the Grand Prairie Common field, having 50 feet front on the Olive street Road by a depth of 162 6-12 feet, bounded north by the Olive street Road, east by Pettus, south by the Lindell addition, and west by Charles Stewart, as by said property is more fully described as follows, to-wit: The eastern part of lot "L" of the subdivision of the north part of United States Survey No. 1665, made by commissioners in a partition proceeding wherein George H. Stewart was plaintiff and James A. Hardy, Charles Stewart et al. were defendants, said lot "L" being designated on the plat accompanying Lots Commissioner's report in said case, a copy of which is on file in recorder's office of said city in book 300, page 23. The said eastern part above alluded to of said lot "L" begins at a point in the southern line of the Olive street road 800 feet westwardly from the west line of Grand avenue, thence running westwardly with the south line of the Olive street road 50 feet, thence southwardly at a right angle with said last mentioned line 162½ feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with said Olive street road 50 feet, thence northwardly 162½ feet to the point of beginning.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 61G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Addie M. Harper is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground containing one 72-100 acres in Carondelet Common Field addition to said city, and bounded as follows; On the north by the real estate of one Sandford, on the east by Stringtown road, on the south by the real estate of Bingham's subdivision, on the west by the real estate of one Stein.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 57G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Louis Pourcelli, Angelique Pourcelli, Rosetti Pourcelli, Michael Pourcelli, Hortin Guion and Barbara Guion are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Lots 15, 16, 17 and 18 of city block 1870, fronting on Tennessee avenue.

2. Part of city block No. 3007, fronting 25 feet on the Iron Mountain Railroad and having a depth of 55 feet, bounded south by Nebraska street, east by the Iron Mountain Railroad, south by land of Crecelius, and west by land of Labrayer.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 58G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Louis Pourcelli, Angelique Pourcelli, Rosetti Pourcelli, Michael Pourcelli, Hortin Guion and Barbara Guion are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Lots 15, 16, 17 and 18 of city block 1870, fronting on Tennessee avenue.

2. Part of city block No. 3007, fronting 25 feet on the Iron Mountain Railroad and having a depth of 55 feet, bounded south by Nebraska street, east by the Iron Mountain Railroad, south by land of Crecelius, and west by land of Labrayer.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 59G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Daniel M. Houser, cestui que trust, Michael H. Phelan, assignee in bankruptcy of the Central Savings Bank, a corporation, and Huntington Smith are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land in city block No. 481, south on Dillon street, being 100 feet in front or width and 140 feet and 5 inches in depth, and being bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north and west by the real estate of said Dillon, on the east by Dillon street and on the south by Hickory street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 23J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Lutz is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Part of lot No. 4, Habbs' addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting 51 feet on Branch street, and having a depth of 40 feet, bounded west by Creek, south by land of Floyd, east by Branch street and north running to a point.

2. Part of lot No. 1 of said addition, fronting 26 feet on the Bellefontaine road, by a depth of 87 feet, bounded north by land of Habbs, east by Branch street, south by Bellefontaine road, west by Creek.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 24J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John, Hand and James Hand, heirs of Hand, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

The south half of lot No. 19, block 3 Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting 25 feet on Wash avenue by 142.7 deep.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 61G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Cora B. Taylor, James K. Taylor, Martha E. Bobb, Wm. H. Lyman, A. W. Straub, William C. Jamison, Marcus A. Wolff, Sinnett A. Young, John H. Bobb, and Martrom D. Lewis are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

East part of lot 49, in city block 444 in Lane and Rennick's addition, having a front width of 20 feet on Poplar street by a depth or length of 100 feet.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 63G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Virginia Bissel, George R. Bissel and Robert Barnes are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots 1 and 2 of block 1 in Peter Lindell's second addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting 50 feet on Dillon street, being 100 feet in front or width and 140 feet and 5 inches in depth, and being bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north and west by the real estate of said Dillon, on the east by Dillon street and on the south by Hickory street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 25J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John H. M. V. B. Wisker and Aubrey Lee Wisker, Charlotte R. Wisker, by Father Wisker and Ada R. Wisker, by their guardian ad litem, F. Spies, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 45, block No. 4, Aubert Peace addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting on Walton avenue 60 feet by 180 feet deep.

2. Lots Nos. 6, 9, 10, 11 and 47 Olive Street Grove addition to the city of St. Louis, said lots fronting 50 feet each on the Olive street road by 150 feet 5 inches deep.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 24J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Hand and James Hand, heirs of Hand, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

The south half of lot No. 19, block 3 Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting 25 feet on Wash avenue by 142.7 deep.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 61G

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ariadne M. Harper and William S. Harper are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 128 in block No. 1049 of said city, and in Page's western addition to St. Louis, said lot containing 25 feet front on Leonard street by a depth of 122½ feet.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 16, 1880. 62.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Lutz is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Part of lot No. 4, Habbs' addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting 51 feet on Branch street, and having a depth of 40 feet, bounded west by Creek, south by land of Floyd, east by Branch street and north running to a point.

2. Part of lot No. 1 of said addition, fronting 26 feet on the Bellefontaine road, by a depth of 87 feet, bounded north by land of Habbs, east by Branch street, south by Bellefontaine road, west by Creek.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1880. 25J

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Marita Louisa Ginerette, trustee of Clara Elizabeth Fette

HAMBURG

DROPS

THE GREAT GERMAN

BLOOD PURIFIER,

CURES DYSPEPSIA,

Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Bilious Attacks, Indigestion, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Heartburn, Depression of Spirits, Sores, Boils, Pimples, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Foul Breath, and all Diseases arising from Impure Blood.

The Hamburg Drops are recommended as being the best and cheapest Family Medicine ever offered, and are sold by Druggists and Dealers at **50 Cents a Bottle.** Directions in Eleven Languages. Genuine bears the fac-simile signature, and private proprietary stamp of **A. VOGELER & CO.,** BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE "Foster" Kid Glove, with laced fastenings, thus dispensing with buttons, is sold by H. D. Mann & Co., 417 and 419 North Fourth, and they now offer a full and complete stock of all colors, sizes and lengths, including new opera shades.

DR. E. C. CHASE, 922 Olive street, set of best teeth only $8.

THE Czar does not, but the Czarina does use it—Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Best in the City.

Oysters at Thony, 323 N. Third street. Baltimore served raw, stew and fried, 25c per dozen. Families and parties supplied with New York counts and Baltimore cans at very low rates.

Now for Business.

Nothing like it ever done before, and you should dress up. Your orders solicited by Tickner & Co., merchant tailors, Sixth and Chestnut streets. Samples sent when requested.

RUNAWAYS.

Two Lively Runaways on Broadway Yesterday Evening.

One of the Knapp, Stout & Co.'s lumber wagons ran away yesterday evening at 3923 Broadway. The wagon collided with several awning posts at 3745 Broadway and demolished them in short order. The owner, Herman Obreck, was paid the full amount of the damage done.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a team of horses driven by John Harris took fright and ran away from Dougliss street and Broadway, colliding with a spring wagon occupied by Mrs. Mary De Aiter, who was thrown to the ground. The damage done the spring wagon will not exceed $20. Mrs. De Aiter was not badly hurt.

A PROMPT and pleasing way of easing asthmatic wheezing—use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

PIKE'S Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Pay Day.

The police were paid to-day for October, and every peeler in the city is happy. The following were the time and amounts:

First district, 9 a. m.	$ 1,301 00
Second District, 9 a. m.	5,213 91
Central District 10 a. m.	9,938 12
Third District, 2 p. m.	8,312 38
Fourth District, 3 p. m.	4,867 93
Fifth District, 11 a. m.	5,695 26
Hostiers, 11 a. m.	610 00
Chief's office 10:30 a. m.	1,388 32
Total	$37,327 02

THE janitor of our building was crippled with rheumatism; his leg was so swollen and painful that he limped about in the most pitiable manner, being unable to walk and unfit for his duties. He applied St. Jacobs Oil after vainly trying numerous other remedies and it cured him perfectly. He is as well as ever and as lively as a cricket. A member of our house has frequently tried the oil and found it wonderful in its effects. We indorse it.

A. HARTMANN, of Hartmann Bros., Cor. State and Van Buren Sts., Chicago, Ill.

Ran Away From Home.

Peter Curley, a thirteen-year-old boy, ran away from home three weeks ago, and his parents, who reside at No. 910 North Second street, have been unsuccessfully looking for him since. He has brown hair, a fair complexion, blue eyes, medium size, wore black clothes and a brown cap.

Hotel Arrivals.

W. C. Connor, of Texas, is registered at the Lindell.

Benjamin T. Cable, Rock Island, Ill., is at the Lindell.

J. Hanson, St. Joseph, Mo., is stopping at the Laclede.

John O'Day, Springfield, Mo., is at the Laclede to-day.

W. C. Haden and wife, Shreveport, La., are at the Lindell.

S. Gilkeson, Warrensburg, Mo., is at the Hotel Barnum.

B. D. Bedford, of Rock Island, Ill., is at the Planters' House.

James M Bush, Mexico, Mo., is registered at the Planters'.

T. L. Slocum, Marshall, Ill., is registered at the Hotel Barnum.

S. C. Van Duzer and wife, Hanbury, Ill., are the Planters' House.

C. T. Clifford, Clarksville, Mo., is stopping at the Planters' House.

W. H. Salmons and wife, Louisville, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

J. H. Scott, Louisville, Ky., registered at the Lindell this morning.

S. W. McLaughlin, Springfield, Mo., is registered at the Laclede.

Thaddeus Hickman, Ashland, Mo., registered at the Laclede this morning.

John W. Reed and wife, Chihuahua, Mexico, are stopping at the Planters' House.

Manuel Covarrubia, Edwardo Rodrigues, Rafael Olecirdo, Franz Acevedo, all of Mesigne, Spain, and traveling in this country for pleasure, are stopping at the Laclede.

R. A. King, Jerseyville, Ill; W. A. James and C. James, Ill.; E. T. Ustick, Chicago, Ill.; A. R. Lyude, Kansas City; Captain John Shethar, Clinton, Iowa; J. M. Johnson, New York; A. D. Jenkins, Cincinnati, are at Barnum's.

At Hirsts' Hotel: M. E. Jacobs, New York; J. W. Combs and wife, Carrollton, Mo.; J. W. Welch, New Hope; T. Gibson, Virginia; Judge D. M. Browning and wife, Benton; Judge David Gillespie, Edwardsville; John Wyrd, Benton; F. M. Jamison and wife, Cuba, Mo.; N. H. Hardesty and wife, Cuba, Mo.; Chas. E. Andrew, Boonville, Mo.; Chas. Brown, a prominent stockman of Rockwood, Ill.; W. S. Boyer and party, Bloomsdale.

THE CITY ELECTION.

Official Figures of the Congressional and Judicial Districts.

The following are the complete official figures of the Judicial and Congressional Districts, including the country precincts:

The Judicial District.

The official count of vote for Judge of the St. Louis Court of Appeals throughout the Judicial District is complete and stands as follows:

St. Louis city, Thomson's majority	3,000
St. Louis county, " "	815
St. Charles county, " "	274
Warren county, " "	1,072
Aggregate majorities for Thompson	4,961
Wickham's majority in Lincoln Co.	1,128
Thompson's majority in the district	3,833

Congressional.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Fletcher's majority in the city	1,791
Fletcher's majority in Carondelet township, St. Louis county	204
Total	1,995
Claroy's maj., Washington county.	608
Claroy's maj., Jefferson county	312
Claroy's maj., Madison county	561
Claroy's maj., Ste. Genevieve Co.	449
Claroy's maj., St. Francois county.	854
Total	2,784
Claroy's majority over Fletcher	—789

SECOND DISTRICT.

Allen's majority in city	2,940
Rosenblatt's majority in Central, Bonhomme and Merrimac townships	504
Allen's majority	2,436

THIRD DISTRICT.

Frost's majority St. Ferdinand Township	226
Sessinghaus' majority in city	29
Frost's majority	197

SURETIES' TROUBLES.

Suits Between the Bondsmen of Henry Gambs, Ex-Public Administrator.

A very interesting and important case, involving considerable money and a great many legal intricacies, is on trial to-day before Judge Thayer in court room No. 5. The case is entitled Marcus A. Wolff vs. Theodore P. Greene. Mr. Wolff is a prominent real estate agent, and Mr. Greene, an attorney. The suit grows out of the defalcation of Henry Gambs, ex-Public Administrator; Gambs was elected in November, 1872, for four years to the office of Public Administrator, and resigned his position Nov. 24, 1874, his resignation being accepted. He qualified before the Probate Court of St. Louis county, furnishing a bond for $170,000, with Theodore P. Greene Christian Staehlin, Francis Saler and Louis Hirschberg as securities. At the June term of the Probate Court it was ordered that Gambs furnish an additional bond of $70,000, which was given and accepted with Theodore P. Greene, Marcus A. Wolff, Louis Hirshnberg and Wm. H. Tilford as securities. After Gambs' resignation, it was found that he was a defaulter to a large amount, and suit was instituted against his bondsmen for the money, about $100,000. Suits were brought against the bondsmen and those in the original bond were found to be insolvent. The burden then rested on those who qualified on the second bond of $70,000, and they paid from time to time $100,000. Mr. Wolff alleges that he paid $25,000, the amount for which he went security, and brought suit against Mr. Greene for his contribution. The following special issue involved in the case gives a new phase. The court submits to the jury the following issue, upon which their verdict is to be rendered: Whether on or about the —— day of September, 1875, it was agreed between Marcus A. Wolff and William H. Tilford on the one hand, and Louis C. Hirschberg and the defendant on the other, that if said Hirschberg and defendant would continue to pay one quarter each of the liabilities of Henry Gambs, as Public Administrator, the said Wolff and Tilford would not demand contribution from said Hirschberg and defendant on account of monies paid under a previous written contract, dated December 28, 1874, or on account of previous payments made by the said Wolff and Tilford.

CAPT. JAS. B. EADS.

The Celebrated Engineer Leaves on Sunday for Central America.

Capt. James B. Eads leaves this city on Sunday for Mexico. He goes via New Orleans, and will take passage on the steamship Whitney, November 14, at Morgan City for Vera Cruz, his prime object in making this visit to our sister Republic and Central America being to make a survey of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec for his Inter-Oceanic ship railroad. A corps of engineers, as follows will accompany the Captain: J. J. Williams, chief of the corps, who has already made three surveys of the Isthmus; E. L. Corthell; G. B. Griffin, private secretary to Capt. Eads. Mr. Griffin is a civil engineer of fine attainments. He was Chief engineer of the Republic of Colombia, and passed at one time eleven months on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. Before Capt. Eads returns to St. Louis he will pass some time in the City of Mexico, which he visits for the first time, and where his fame has long preceded him.

The Oklahoma Boom.

The movement by immigrants on Oklahoma, will culminate in a few days. The persons who intend to take part in the raid, or rather settlement, are preparing to join together and make up the army which is expected to take temporary possession, at least, of the coveted territory.

All of the prominent officials of the Oklahoma Colony and Township, except Mr. Geo. Jackson, are at present out of the city and are superintending the preparations for transportation. Capt. Payne, the president of the colony, is at Wichita, Kansas, but is expected to leave at any time and take charge of the army of immigrants. Rendezvous have been appointed on the line of the St. Louis and San Francisco Road, where delegations will meet and join the main body. There are three of these stations, at each one of which over two thousand people are expected to assemble. This will make the number of persons entering the territory between 6,000 and 6,600. Mr. Jackson is in receipt, he says, of very encouraging telegrams and letters, and does not anticipate much trouble. He believes that the would be Oklahomites will be enabled to stake off their claims before they are interrupted, and then, if they are driven off by the Government, they will still have a lien or pre-emption right on the land, which must eventually belong to white settlers. The organization of immigrants is now going on, and it is probable the start will be made before Monday.

The Census.

One of the busiest places in St. Louis to-day is the Census Supervisor's office. The labor of making out the 450 commissions and delivering them with instructions, etc., to the correct parties, has proved a longer task than was expected. At noon to-day at least fifty commissions remained yet to be filled out and delivered, and the work will hardly be completed to-day. Some of those appointed have so far failed to show up at all, and probably will not. Their places will be supplied by others without delay. Of course in handling so many appointments, oaths and commissions some clerical errors have occurred. Parties have received notification of their appointment who were not appointed, but these errors are very few. So far no colored men are employed. The enumerators are to-day on pay and have been instructed to put in their time familiarizing themselves with their duties. At 4 o'clock this afternoon Professor Woodward meets the whole body of enumerators at the Mercantile Library Hall. The notaries who secured the job of administering the oaths to the enumerators at fifty cents each have made a good thing of it.

Prof. Woodward has decided that appointed enumerators who do not show up, receive their commissions and appear at the Mercantile Library this afternoon, will by such negligence forfeit their appointments. Their places will be filled by others to-night.

Another Mysterious Dissappearance.

James W. Eastin, who was at one time editor and proprietor of the Glasgow (Mo.) Evening Journal, and who worked on the POST-DISPATCH as a compositor, has mysteriously disappeared. His brother, Mr. George D. Eastin, the present proprietor and editor of the Glasgow Journal, has been in the city for the past day or two making searching inquiries for him. On last Wednesday Eastin, who had been drinking to a considerable extent, left the office, and to several of his friends whom he met on the street he said that he was going to commit suicide and that he was thoroughly tired of life. He has a wife and one child in Glasgow, and is about thirty years of age. He is five feet ten inches in height and when last seen wore a dark suit of clothes with a faded brown overcoat. He has several scars on his neck, the result of being lanced while he was lying sick with the scarlet fever. He has a short black beard and stubby moustache. Several of his friends think that he either committed felo de se or went South on the Iron Mountain Railroad. Any information sent to the office of the Glasgow Journal in relation to the whereabouts of the missing one will be gladly received and well rewarded.

Gossip On 'Change.

Charley Slayback's assertion that he would leave the country if Garfield was elected President, as emphatically declared by him to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, has proven a considerable source of merriment to this genial gentleman. On the day following the election Mr. Slayback was surrounded by his friends—who number the whole membership—on 'Change, who weepingly came to bid him farewell prior to his departure for Mexico, Cuba, or some other land of the free. He was firm in his determination to leave the country, but finally such a pressure was brought to bear upon him that he concluded to reconsider his purpose and stay yet a while in the United States. His remark attracted attention not alone in the city, but throughout the country as the following extracts from friends of his at other points testify:

CHARLES SLAYBACK: I take my chances on your "quitting the country" because of the election of Garfield President, and send you a car of No. 2 wheat to sell for me.

J. M. GRAMMER,
Verona, Mo.

FRIEND CHARLEY: When are you going to leave the country? I noticed by the paper that you would leave if Garfield was elected. Now, Charley, old boy, we can't spare you, and I think you had better stay with us yet a little longer. I will be down about Monday to condole with you.

W. A. JACOBS,
Chillicothe, Mo.

The John B. Maude.

The steamer John B. Maude was raised last evening and will arrive to-morrow, to be repaired on dock. The Grand Tower is due here towing barge containing the Maude's uninjured freight.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

James Stuart occupies a cell at the police station for trespassing. Officers McHenry and O'Brien made the arrest.

Herman Deback was found wandering around the streets in a rather suspicious-looking manner. Officer O'Brien spied him and conducted him to police headquarters.

William Stuart, a single spoke-turner, is at present occupying cell number 4. The charge of trespassing was preferred against him by Officers McHenry and O'Brien.

Wm. Crosby, a machinist, was arrested last evening for being a rather suspicious-looking character. Officer O'Brien made the arrest. The trial will be up before one of the justices this evening.

Cell No. 3 at the Police Headquarters is at present occupied by Heyd Barnett. He was found by Officer McHenry hanging around one of the sand-houses. The charge preferred against him is trespassing.

Thomas Quick and Patrick Kennedy are at present occupying quarters in the jail. Kennedy stole a keg of beer from one of Joe Schnaider's wagons and sold it to Quick. Officer Zimmerman came across them and conveyed them to the jail.

Considerable discontent is manifested by many of the inhabitants of the city near the bridge approach at the reckless manner in which cattle drivers let Texas steers and other cattle run around their neighborhood unguarded. The proper authorities should protect the inhabitants from such a nuisance.

Considerable trouble is being experienced at present by many of the butchers of the city. The two governments and the butcher license is the cause of their uneasiness. They seem to be in doubt about which government has the right to issue licenses, and the result is many of them were trying to carry on their business without any license from either government. Their cases were dispensed with last week. Next came the butchers with licenses from the Winstanley government. Several cases were tried during the fore part of the week, and in each case the party was compelled to take their license from the Joyce Government, the Winstanly government being virtually dead. The police are to arrest all not having their license from Joyce. John Burns was the first victim, and his case will be ventilated before Noton this evening.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

A force of men are at work on the Widows' Home building making extensive repairs.

The Coopers' Industrial Union, No. 1, hold a special session to-night for election of officers and revision of their by-laws.

Yesterday Mrs. Barbara Jaworsky, of 3407 North Ninth street, was presented with $35 as a gift from the Tanners' and Currriers' Union, No. 1, and extends her thanks to the officers for the same.

This morning the team of Charley Hobert ran away on Barnett avenue and Fourteenth street, and damaged the wagon about $25, and Hobert was thrown from the wagon and had his right shoulder blade dislocated.

Lumber to go out from the yards to-morrow: Knapp, Stout & Co., 22 car loads, 220,000 feet; Schulenburg & Boeckeler Company, 16 cars, 160,000 feet; Eau Claire Company, 21 cars, 210,000 feet; Gruner Brothers' Lumber Company, 8 cars, 80,000 feet. Total, 67 car loads, 670,000 feet.

Monday evening, Franklin Temple of Honor, No. 3, will celebrate its fourteenth anniversary at Central Hall with a reunion of members and a grand social reception, Mr. Timothy Parson, the oldest member of the order in America, will appear in Select Templar's uniform, and will deliver a discourse upon the origin, character and progress of the organization.

RAILROAD RUMBLE.

J. D. Phillips of the Ohio and Mississippi ticket office has gone East for a few days.

George L. Carman, agent at Kansas City of the Southwestern Pool, is in the city to-day.

Henceforth all tickets from St. Louis and East St. Louis to Belleville or return will be good over any of the several lines between the two places.

W. B. Strong, vice-president and general manager of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, and F. M. Smith, purchasing agent of the same road, arrived in the city this morning from Topeka, and are stopping at the Lindell.

The meeting of general managers and general passenger agents at Chicago yesterday was postponed until next Monday, on account of the unavoidable absence of J. C. Gault, of the Wabash and Pacific. In the meantime all passenger rates remain unchanged. The St. Louis delegates all returned this morning.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Mr. A. S. Rutherford was not expected this morning to live through the day.

It was intended to dedicate the new Odd Fellows' Cemetery on Sunday, but the Grand Master having given notice that it would be contrary to the laws of the Order, some other day will be selected, but which has not yet been determined upon.

Several well-known residents and business men of Carondelet have been selected as enumerators in the work of taking the new census. Persons ought to afford them all the information needed with as little trouble as possible, as but a few days are assigned for the work.

A new time-table on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad goes into effect Sunday next. The De Soto train will be again changed and leave Pinn street at 5 p. m. and arrive at 8:30 p. m. Another train is to be added to the Texas line, which will leave Union Depot at 8:30 p. m.

It is not generally known, but it is a fact, that Companies B, E and H, of the Police Reserves were ordered out on election day to be in readiness in case of any election riot. They remained at the Four Courts all day up in the third story. The boys managed to have quite a pleasant time playing cards, etc. Beer flowed like water, and crackers and cheese were not scarce.

Large consumers and families promptly supplied with this desirable coal at very low prices. 720 Chestnut st., near Polytechnic Building. Henry F. Barrington, Manager.

GOOD LUCK

Never Fails

TO ATTEND

HONEST EFFORT,

AND SUCCESS IS

THE SURE REWARD.

LADIES, we wish to call your special attention to an elegant assortment of the BEST quality of All-Wool Suits for Boys, age 4 to 11, which we are offering at $5. The SAME IDENTICAL SUITS are being sold NOW in this city for $7 50 and $8, and THEY ARE WORTH IT. But we were lucky in securing this rare bargain, and want you to derive the benefits from it. The TRIMMINGS are elegant, and they are the most stylish Suits offered THIS SEASON. Call and see them at

"FAMOUS."

OPERA CLASSES!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST

STOCK IN THE UNITED STATES

Selected by Us in Europe.

RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

FRESH GOODS JUST ARRIVED AT

ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO

OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT,

COR. FOURTH AND OLIVE.

This Elixir is specially prepared for Convalescents and Weak persons, and as a Tonic is strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty of Paris. Its principal ingredient being the purest meat scientifically prepared with **DUCRO'S** Medical remedies, giving it wonderful stimulating properties invigorating the vital forces, without fatigue to the digestive organs.

ALIMENTARY

In cases of Typhoid, Yellow and Malarial Fevers the Elixir is invaluable, giving strength to overcome the waste caused by these maladies. It is agreeable to the taste, prompt in its action, and especially recommended in cases of Lung diseases.

ELIXIR

E. Fougera & Co., Agents, New York.

USE

TOLU ROCK AND RYE

TRADE MARK

Scientifically prepared of BALSAM TOLU, CRYSTALIZED ROCK CANDY, OLD RYE WHISKY and other Tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of one of our most prominent chemists, Prof. G. A. Mariner, of Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU, ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the incipient and Advanced Stages.

Used as a Beverage and Appetizer, making a delightful tonic for family use. You will find it pleasant to take, of great service, if weak or debilitated gives Strength, Tone and Activity to the whole human frame.

☞ Put up in Quart size Bottles for Family use. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN

(Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas),

111 Madison Street, Chicago.

Wholesale Agents in St. Louis, RICHARDSON & CO., and DAVID NICHOLSON.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK

The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

TRADE MARK

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

FINE CARRIAGES, SURREYS,

PHAETONS, BUGGIES, &C.,

FOR CITY, COUNTRY AND LIVERY USE.

We can furnish promptly first-class work at low prices. Catalogues mailed on application.

MILBURN MANUFACTURING CO

Factory corner Seventh and Cass avenue.

ST. LOUIS.....MISSOURI

REAL ESTATE.

M. A. WOLFF.....W. A. MEAGHER.

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public AND CONVEYANCERS.

Rent collections a specialty, and liberal advances made on same.

OFFICE.....211 N. SIXTH ST

OVERCOATS.

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Ulsters and Ulsterettes IN Elegant Styles, Tremendous Assortment AND HANDSOME FABRICS.

MABLEY'S

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's REVERSIBLE OVERCOATS. New, Nobby and Tasty Patterns.

THE ASSORTMENT IS Immensely Large, Low in Price, and of Durable MATERIALS.

MABLEY, the CLOTHIER,

Fifth and Pine.

The New Dry Goods House

WILLIAM ROBERTSON

406 N. Fourth St.

I have Just Received the First Delivery of a Large Purchase of

Flannels in all Colors, Ladies' Cloth and Suitings,

In all the Most Desirable Colors and Qualities in the Market. The Latest Novelties in

Ornaments, Trimmings, Fringes, Dress Goods, Laces, Hosiery, Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.

In all departments goods are coming to hand daily, and enable me to place new stock constantly before my patrons.

A NEW DEPARTMENT—Cloaks, Ulsters, Dolmans, Walking Jackets, etc., in all the Newest Styles.

MY PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

"Foster" KID GLOVES (PATENTED JUNE 15TH, 1875.)

EVERY PAIR FITTED TO THE HAND.

REMOVAL.

The contracting freight office of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway on NOVEMBER 1, 1880, will remove from 128 Olive street (corner Second and Olive street) to 104 North Fourth street. All bills of Lading and rates will be given at office, 104 North Fourth street, after above date named.

A. C. BIRD,
General Freight Agent.

THE FINEST

LAMBERTYPES

IN THE **923 OLIVE**

WORLD.

MOSES.

DRUNK AGAIN.

Gentlemen who get on protracted sprees sobered up in a few hours with my wonderful and infallible Gold Remedy for drunkenness. Persons diseased from excessive use of alcoholic beverages and opium treated and permanently cured. Book treatise on Gold Cure sent free on application.

P. D. CORDELL,
704 and 706 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

KEOKUK NORTHEN LINE PACKET CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO., October 28, 1880.

TAKE NOTICE.—By the authority of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, and as directed in the decree this day entered in the case of Ward Gray et al. vs. Davidson et al. and the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company, I hereby give notice that a meeting of the stockholders of said Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company will be held at the office of said company in the city of St. Louis on the seventeenth day of November, 1880, for the election of four directors of said corporation to supply the vacancies created by the removal of certain directors as ordered by the decree of the Circuit Court in the case of Ward Gray et al. vs. Davidson et al. and the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company, hereinbefore referred to. At said election the polls will be opened at 9 a. m. and remain open until 1 p. m.

86L F. L. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICES.

CONCORDIA TURNERS' HALL ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the shareholders and election of eleven directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will take place Tuesday, November 9, 1880, at 8 p. m., at Concordia Turner Hall, northwest corner of Arsenal street and Second Carondelet avenue. OSCAR ROEFER, Secretary.

Mound City Commercial College

210 and 212 N. Fourth st., St. Louis.

Regular day and night sessions now open. Rice's "Detection of Errors in Trial Balances," invaluable to every bookkeeper, as it shows how to detect errors almost instantaneously, mailed to any address for $1 25. Call at College or address THOS. A. RICE, A. M., L. B., President.